New Oxford Item.

H. I. SMITH, EDITOR — AN INDEPENDENT LOCAL JOURNAL — ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM

Volume 10. — New Oxford, Pa., Friday, March 1, 1889. — Number 33.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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of every description

NEAT, QUICK, CHEAP,

At this office.

NOTICE.

ROOFING, SPOUTING AND RODING

of houses and barns; Repairing and all kinds of work attended to at shortest notice and work warranted.

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makes us better prepared to do

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ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. Y. 21-1y89

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Use the Black Pill for Indigestion.

DRUG —AND— JEWELRY STORE!

N. E. Cor. Diamond, New Oxford.

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—DEALER IN—

Pure Drugs,
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Fancy Goods,
Fine Stationery,
Notions, &c.,
Cigars & Tobacco,
Choice Wines and Liquors,
for medical use only.

Careful Preparation of Prescriptions our specialty.

Also, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc., for Sale. Repairing done, and work guaranteed. All goods in either department warranted as represented.

The Black Pill cures headache.

FALL & WINTER

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from New York, Philadelphia and Baltmore.

Fashionable Millinery Goods.
Fashionable Hats and Bonnets.
Novelties in New Shapes and Shades.
Novelties in Ribbons, Lace-Net and Guazes.
Fine line of Notions and Stamped Goods.
Full line of Ladies' and Children's Underwear.
Infants' Cloaks.
Latest Styles and Lowest Prices
Largest Stock and most Elegant Assortment.
Weekly Arrivals of Latest Novelties.
The Ladies are invited to call and see display of Handsome Goods. No trouble to show good

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A New Haven justice has just had an unequal suit brought before him. Miles Whitcomb, of Hamden, sues his uncle to recover $400 for attending the funeral of the latter's wife. By the itemized account Whitcomb's claim covers railroad fares, services rendered in selecting a coffin and arranging for the funeral, and also for the time lost.

Costiveness can be permanently cured by the use of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.

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Eleven Girls Killed.

A frightful disaster occurred at Plymouth, a few miles from Wilkesbarre, Pa., Monday, when the squib factory of John R. B. Powell was clown up. Eleven girls, the oldest 22 and the youngest 14 years old, were killed. The foreman of the factory was fearfully burned and is not expected to recover. He is the only person living who was within the building at the time of the explosion. This factory was one of the largest in the coal fields, and the squibs made there were known all over the country. The cause of the explosion is involved in mystery.

A St. Paul, Minn., dispatch says: U. S. District Attorney Baxter has received an order from Attorney General Garland, instructing him to begin replevin suits for about 35,000,000 feet of lumber, cut on the Fond Du Lac reservation in Minnesota by the C. N. Nelson Lumber Company. The cutting of the lumber has extended over a score of years, and the lumber cut has been sent down river to Duluth and the Lake Superior mills. The total value of the product is estimated at $50,000.

Five men boarded a train Friday evening as it left Pixley, Cal. Two men went on the engine and covered the engineer and fireman with revolvers. When about 2 miles from the station, the train was brought to a stop and the other three men entered the express car and ordered the messenger to open the box, covering him with revolvers. Dynamite bombs were exploded under the cars and during the excitement several passengers ran toward the front, two of whom were shot.

A bill has been reported favorably in the lower house of the North Carolina Legislature requiring all railways in that State to fence their tracks. The farmers demand the passage of the measure as a protection against the killing of live stock by railway trains, and as the farmers dominate in the present Legislature of North Carolina there is no doubt of the passage of the bill.

The old Pimlico race track, near Baltimore, is likely to become a thing of the past. Owing to lack of interest in the races and the heavy expense necessary to keep up the track, the Maryland Jocky Club will probably be obliged to discontinue their meetings in the future or transfer them to the Ivy City track, near Washington.

Remember that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has no equal as a specific for colds, coughs, and all affections of the throat and lungs. For nearly half a century it has been in greater demand than any other remedy for pulmonary complaint. All druggists have it for sale.

At Winfield, Iowa, early Saturday morning, the dwelling of Thomas Innis was destroyed by fire, and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Torbitt, sixty years, and Innis' 11-year-old daughter, were burned to death. Mr. and Mrs. Innis and six other children escaped in their clothes.

The Massachusetts Legislature has voted $30,000 to defray the expenses of that State in the centennial celebration of the inauguration of President Washington in New York in April next.

The Flat Head Indians, according to a despatch from Missouri, Montana, are arming themselves, and settlers in Flat Head Lake Valley are in great danger.

$140,000,000 in round numbers was transmitted by the money order department of Postal service last year, without the loss of one cent.

There has been a bill introduced to check the circulation of publications that advertise counterfeit coin or paper currency. Right.

A woodchoppers' shanty near Lopez, Sullivan County, was burned a few nights ago. Two men perished in the flames and six escaped by jumping through the windows.

Every mother should have Arnica & Oil Liniment always in the house in case of accident from burns, scalds or bruises.

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The destruction of San Jose, Costa Rica, by an earthquake on the night of December 29th, was an appalling calamity. According to reports just coming to hand 200 lives were lost 1,000 persons injured. The city, which was the capital of the Republic, numbered a population of 20,000, and was regarded as one of the most beautiful in that uncertain land of volcanoes and seismic disturbances.

There were 1935 accidents on the railroads in the United States during 1888. Of these 804 were collisions, 1032 were derailments and 99 accidents of another nature. Of the collisions 484 were from the rear, 311 were butting and 90 were on crossings. Defects in the road caused 189 derailments, defects of equipment caused 148. The killed numbered 667, of whom 434 were employes and 168 passengers.

A New Haven justice has just had an unequal suit brought before him. Miles Whitcomb, of Hamden, sues his uncle to recover $400 for attending the funeral of the latter's wife. By the itemized account Whitcomb's claim covers railroad fares, services rendered in selecting a coffin and arranging for the funeral, and also for the time lost.

Costiveness can be permanently cured by the use of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.

For sale by J. W. Barnitz.

Eleven Girls Killed.

A frightful disaster occurred at Plymouth, a few miles from Wilkesbarre, Pa., Monday, when the squib factory of John R. B. Powell was clown up. Eleven girls, the oldest 22 and the youngest 14 years old, were killed. The foreman of the factory was fearfully burned and is not expected to recover. He is the only person living who was within the building at the time of the explosion. This factory was one of the largest in the coal fields, and the squibs made there were known all over the country. The cause of the explosion is involved in mystery.

A St. Paul, Minn., dispatch says: U. S. District Attorney Baxter has received an order from Attorney General Garland, instructing him to begin replevin suits for about 35,000,000 feet of lumber, cut on the Fond Du Lac reservation in Minnesota by the C. N. Nelson Lumber Company. The cutting of the lumber has extended over a score of years, and the lumber cut has been sent down river to Duluth and the Lake Superior mills. The total value of the product is estimated at $50,000.

Five men boarded a train Friday evening as it left Pixley, Cal. Two men went on the engine and covered the engineer and fireman with revolvers. When about 2 miles from the station, the train was brought to a stop and the other three men entered the express car and ordered the messenger to open the box, covering him with revolvers. Dynamite bombs were exploded under the cars and during the excitement several passengers ran toward the front, two of whom were shot.

A bill has been reported favorably in the lower house of the North Carolina Legislature requiring all railways in that State to fence their tracks. The farmers demand the passage of the measure as a protection against the killing of live stock by railway trains, and as the farmers dominate in the present Legislature of North Carolina there is no doubt of the passage of the bill.

The old Pimlico race track, near Baltimore, is likely to become a thing of the past. Owing to lack of interest in the races and the heavy expense necessary to keep up the track, the Maryland Jocky Club will probably be obliged to discontinue their meetings in the future or transfer them to the Ivy City track, near Washington.

Remember that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has no equal as a specfic for colds, coughs, and all affections of the throat and lungs. For neayly half a century it has been in greater demand than any other remedy for pulmonary complaint. All druggists have it for sale.

At Winfield, Iowa, early Saturday morning, the dwelling of Thomas Innis was destroyed by fire, and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Torbitt, sixty years, and Innis' 11-year-old daughter, were burned to death. Mr. and Mrs. Innis and six other children escaped in their clothes.

The Massachusetts Legislature has voted $30,000 to defray the expenses of that State in the centennial celebration of the inauguration of President Washington in New York in April next.

The Flat Head Indians, according to a despatch from Missouri, Montana, are arming themselves, and settlers in Flat Head Lake Valley are in great danger.

$140,000,000 in round numbers was transmitted by the money order department of Postal service last year, without the loss of one cent.

There has been a bill introduced to check the circulation of publications that advertise counterfeit coin or paper currency. Right.

A woodchoppers' shanty near Lopez, Sullivan County, was burned a few nights ago. Two men perished in the flames and six escaped by jumping through the windows.

Every mother should hrve Arnica & Oil Liniment always in the house in case of accident from burns, scalds or bruises.

For sale by J. W. Barnitz

YESTERDAY.

My friend, he spoke of a woman face;
It puzzled me, and I paused to think,
He told of her eyes and mouth, the trace
Of prayer on her brow, and quick as wink
I said: "Oh yes, but you wrong her years.
She's only a child, with faiths and fears
That childhood fit. I tell thee nay;
She was a girl just yesterday."

"The years are swift and sure, I trow,"
(Quoth he). "You speak of the long ago."

Once I strolled in a garden spot,
And every flower upraised a head
(So it seemed), for they, I wot,
Were mates of mine: each bloom and bed,
Their hours for sleep, their merry mood,
The lives and deaths of the whole sweet brood,
Were known to me: it was my way
To visit them but yesterday.

Spake one red rose, in a language low:
"We saw you last in the long ago."

Entering under the lintel wide,
I saw the room: 'twas all the same:
The oaken press and the shelves aside,
The window small for the sunset flame,
The book I loved on the table large;
I ope'd and lo! in the yellow marge
The leaf I placed was shrunk and gray,
I swear it was green but yesterday.

Then a voice stole out of the sunset glow:
"You lived here, man, in the long ago."

Tis the same old tale, though it comes to me
By a hundred paths of pain and glee,
Till I guess the truth at last, and know
That yesterday is the long ago.

—*Richard E. Burton, in Harper's Weekly.*

DORA'S SISTER.

"I do hope you'll like her, Burton," said Dora, leaning toward her handsome young brother-in-law, with her pretty eyes bright with eagerness; "and I don't know how you can help it. Everybody does. And I don't think you'll find her gawky. I know you've always thought me rather provincial, Burton, dear——"

"No, no," her brother-in-law interposed.

"Oh, yes, you have; and I know I am. But Lucy's ever so much nicer than I am. She's prettier in the first place——"

"Impossible" said Burton, gallantly.

"And then," said pretty Mrs. Salkeld, earnestly, "she's awfully bright. She's been away at boarding-school for four years. She hasn't stayed in Gordon Centre as I did, you know, till Alfred came and took me away. And she's always so stylish, and——. Well, wait till you see her. I know you'll like her, Burton."

"I'm certain of it, Dora," Burton declared, reassuringly.

Mrs. Salkeld rose lingeringly, in response to a small cry from the nursery.

"Sarah never can find the pins in that little blessing when he cries, and I know they're there. She's coming to-morrow, you know, Burton. You'll come right around to see her, won't you? Ever so many have promised to call."

"I'll come immediately after breakfast," Burton rejoined.

His sister-in-law laughed as she went through the door, but she looked back at him with amusing seriousness.

It would not have been hard for a keen observer to guess that she was not without a timid ambition concerning her brother-in-law and her sister Lucy—timid, because Burton was, in the estimation of his brother's wife, as nearly a perfect being, morally, mentally and physically, as had ever existed—the one person who enjoyed an equal distinction being her husband.

If it had been any girl but Lucy, she was sure such a thing would never have entered her head. But Lucy! She smiled with sisterly fondness as she rummaged among the baby's flannels for the offending pin.

Dora's brother-in-law called promptly at eleven o'clock the next morning. He was a good-natured and conscientious young gentleman, and he would have disappointed Dora on no account.

But his mood, as he rang the bell and pulled off a glove, was not an especally eager one. He [illegible] too polite to formulate his feelin[illegible] even to himself; but had he done so, the fact would have been clear that he didn't expect much from Dora's sister.

A pretty girl she might be; Dora was pretty. But a girl fresh from Gordon Centre, though she had had four years at a country boarding school! The young man raised his brows, with a slight smile.

Nothing, however, should prevent his doing his utmost for Dora's sister. His good breeding did not even allow his dubious smile to remain. He looked seriously expectant when the door opened.

"Mrs. Salkeld is just gone out. Her dressmaker's little boy is worse, and she went down to see him," the servant explained.

"Miss Trumbull is in?" Burton queried.

"Yes, sir; Miss Trumbull came this morning."

Burton gave the girl his card, put his hat and overcoat on the rack, and took a seat in the parlor.

It was some twenty minutes before Dora's sister came down.

Burton was deep in the latest magazine when the door at last admitted her. She came in with a sweeping rustle of draperies, a beaming smile and a warm greeting.

"Mr. Salkeld, ain't it? Burton, I come pretty near saying. Dora she always calls you Burton, and it was jest on the end o' my tongue. Well, I'm real glad to see you. Dora she's told me all about you, but hearing about folks ain't like seeing 'em."

She shook hands warmly, rolled an ottoman in front of the largest chair with a strong push, sat down with her feet on the stool, and smiled yet more broadly.

"Well, I'm awful glad to get here. I've been coming for I don't know how long, but I hain't seemed to get round to it; and so last week I says to pa: 'If I'm going up to Dora's, I'm jest going to go.' And pa says all right, to fix up and go, then; and ma and I jest went right round and put things together what I needed, and pa took me down to the cars Monday morning, and here I be. I ain't a bit used up, neither; ma, she said I would be."

She laughed quite heartily, tapping the arm of her chair and fingering the bow of ribbon on top of her head.

Burton murmured something in response—he did not know what. He sat stiffened in the attitude of polite deference which he had assumed, quite motionless.

He felt no desire to smile; he was too much shocked and appalled for that. Good heavens! this was far worse than anything he had imagined. His head fairly buzzed; he sat staring at Dora's sister in utter blankness.

"Pretty big place you've got here, hain't you?" Miss Trumbull proceeded, her cordiality unaffected by his silence. "Considerable bigger'n Gordon Centre, I guess. I hain't never b'en in cities much, and I get kind o' turned round in 'em. I don't know as I should like it living here. It's so kind o' lonesome, meeting so many people you ain't acquainted with. Why, in Gordon Centre there ain't anybody in town you don't know; and if you do see a stranger, it ain't very hard to find out who 'tis."

Burton gasped. Was it possible that Dora could have believed what she had said about her sister? Yes; he reflected that Dora had not seen her before for some time, and her fondness for her, and her good-tempered admiration of everybody, had done the rest.

Burton gazed at her. Her clothes did not fit; she had a string of beads on, and a blue bow and a breast-pin at her neck, and red ribbons on her hair. Pretty? Yes, she was undeniably pretty; that he admitted freely. But stylish, and not provincial? What could Dora have been thinking of?

The young man passed his hand across his forehead weakly.

"I s'pose I'd have be'n here long ago," Dora's sister went on, serenely. "If I hadn't be'n off to school. Dora, she's told you I've be'n to boarding-school for four years, I s'pose? 'Most all the Gordon Centre girls get along with what learning they can get to home, and I think myself it's plenty. But pa, he thought different, and ma joined in with him. She 'most generally does. I don't know as I learnt much. The East Lowville Seminary don't amount to so terrible much. East Lowville ain't so big as Gordon Centre; but pa's satisfied, I s'pose. Ever be'n out our way?"

"I have never had that pleasure," Burton contrived to say.

"Well, it's a real likely place, Gordon Centre is, if it ain't so big as some. There's considerable going on 'most all the year. There'd be'n two sociables the week before I come away, and there was going to be a warm-sugar party that night. I hated to miss it. Do you have much going on here?"

Burton took out his watch and dazedly consulted it.

"We have no sociables nor warm sugar parties," he responded, grimly.

And then he rose.

"I am sorry to be obliged to go; but I have an engagement at twelve," he said, bowing.

He would have retired without further ceremony, but Dora's sister intercepted him with outstretched hand.

"Goodne-s! you hain't be'n here above fifteen minutes," she said, regretfully. "Well, come in again—drop in any time. I don' know jest how long I'll be here—long as Dora'll keep me, I s'pose."

She talked on with friendly confidence, accompanying him to the door, and standing by while he put on his hat and overcoat.

He was aware, as he went rapidly down the street, that she was standing in the doorway and watching his departure.

He spent the rest of the day in trying to forget Dora's sister, but he found it not altogether possible; he had been too deeply astonished and horrified. He had not expected much, he reflected somewhat wrathfully over a cigar in his office; but what he had found. And Dora's description! Surely love—and sisterly love particularly—was blind.

He was glad it was the night of the Gills's reception. If anything was calculated to remove unpleasant impressions, it was one of the Gills's receptions. He wondered, with a qualm, whether Alfred and Dora would go—and take Miss Trumbull. Of course they had cards. Well, at least he could keep a safe distance.

Almost the first person he saw, as he entered the Gills's spacious but crowded rooms, was his sister-in-law. She greeted him eagerly.

"We were so afraid you wouldn't be here. I do want Lucy to have a good time, and it will be so much nicer to have somebody she knows. You'll take her out for the first set, won't you? unless she's engaged."

"Miss Trumbull is here?" said Burton, wretchedly.

"Why, yes, of course," Dora rejoined, briskly. There she is. Doesn't she look lovely? And she's taking so well! Mr. Sanford has been with her ever since we came, and he never looks at a girl. But I don't want him to get the first set, Burton dear. Do hurry!"

She took his arm, led him over to the group she had been watching, and tripped away.

The group was composed of one young lady and six gentlemen; and the young lady was Dora's sister.

She smiled on Burton graciously, and went on talking to Mr. Sanford, who looked radiant, bestowing an occasional smile upon one of the other five young men, who in turn looked happy.

She wore a charmingly-fashioned perfectly-fitting, and wonderfully pretty gown, and she looked dazzlingly pretty herself. Her sole ornament was a bunch of roses at her corsage.

She wafted her black gauze fan, and sparkled across it in all the glory of black eyes, white teeth and pink cheeks.

"Oh, I don't know that I am prepared to admit that, Mr. Sanford," she was saying, with a light laugh. "I'm aware of the vanity and shallowness of society in general; but I don't admit that every individual composing society is vain or shallow. I believe that a good share of the pleasure-seekers—those who seem mere pleasure seekers—are as serious at heart as the cynics and pedants who hold aloof. I believe that a certain amount of social gaiety is necessary to one's happiness—yes, and welfare. Emerson owns its value. Don't you remember that passage in his 'Culture'?——

The orchestra in the next room struck up at the next moment. Miss Trumbull looked at her opponent brightly.

"Now, Mr. Sanford, you will dance this quadrille as gaily as any of us, and it won't prove your unworthiness either. We shall see your theories confuted in practice."

She laughed mischievously.

Mr. Sanford, with an enraptured smile, eagerly offered his arm; so did the other five young men, frantically.

But Burton quietly intercepted them all. He placed Miss Trumbull's hand within his elbow, with a firmness which was not to be ignored, and bore her away. He did not take her to the dancing-room; he led her to a sofa in a dim corner of the deserted hall, and sat down beside her.

"Well?" he said, simply.

Miss Trumbull put her fan to her lips. There was silence for a space.

"I—I don't know what made me do it," Dora's sister murmured, with a queer mixture of apology and defiance in her soft voice, and with her eyes cast down. "Only—Dora had told me all about you—"

"So you remarked this morning," Burton interposed, with an attempt at sternness.

Dora's sister laughed guiltily.

"And I got the idea—I don't know how; she didn't say so, and I don't think now that it is so—that you were—well, 'proud and haughty,' as the novels say; and when she begged me to be just as nice as I could, because you were so particular and talked so much about how—how nice you are," said Miss Trumbull, with a blush, "why, it made me feel contrary right away, and that ridiculous idea occurred to me, and—and I did it."

The corner was dim; but he saw quite plainly the pretty repentance and pleading in her eyes; and Dora's sister saw a full forgiveness in his.

They laughed together, somewhat shyly.

"Where did you get the—the things?" he queried, gazing at her perfect attire.

"Oh, the dress was Dora's—she's so much stouter, you know—and the beads are the baby's, and I hunted all through my boxes for the ribbons! That's what took me so long."

"And the East Lowville Seminary—you fibbed about that?" Burton questioned, moving nearer to her.

"Yes. Madame Beauce 'finished me. And you fibbed about your engagement at twelve?"

"Yes," Burton confessed, inwardly wondering how he could have done it.

How pretty she was!

"Then we're even!" said Dora's sister, laughing with sweet gaiety, as she took his arm for a quiet promenade.

Dora's doubts and anxious questionings were speedily calmed. Her irreproachable brother-in-law not only liked her pretty sister exceedingly, but her pretty sister liked him—so much so that a gay wedding at Gordon Centre that fall produced another Mrs. Salkeld.—*Saturday Night.*

Wonderful Are the Arabians.

A wonderful people and mighty are the Arabians. How much we are indebted to them for the fires of Divine truth they caused to be infused into European literature in the seventh century. Much we may yet learn from their strict system of hygiene. Probably they are the best looking race on earth. If not descendants of Og, King of ancient Bashan—said by historians to have measured eleven feet six inches in height, and whose bedstead of iron was nine cubits and a span—equal to thirteen feet six inches—they come very close neighbors to his proportions. Broad shouldered, tall, six, six and a half, seven and seven feet two inches—the average height being from five feet six and one-half inches to five feet nine and one-half inches tall. Dwarfs are unknown in Arabia. The life of that people is one of plainness and simplicity. Their food is mostly vegetable, often only one meal a day, taken at sundown. Washing the body in cold water is a specialty for health, winter and summer. They have no poor, no insane asylums or hospitals; and prisons are so few that thousands don't know of them. They are united as one man, and their unfortified country is unconquerable as a result. They are said to be in possession of the spot where the Garden of Eden once stood, where herbs of a life giving nature grow and rare balsams for internal and external use are found. Lettuce with them is highly prized, and if our people should eat more of it we should need less drugs. Everything is done in the name of Allah—God—the Most High and Merciful Lord, and for a semi-barbaric race I doubt not their happiness is to be coveted.—*Detroit Free Press.*

The Professor having given out as subject for an essay "The Use of Navigation," one of the students concluded his production with the somewhat novel statement: "And thus we may say: 'The ship is the camel of the sea.'"—*Fliegende Blaetter.*

A parrot will talk on the least provocation, but a crow seldom opens its mouth without caws.—*New York World.*

The Plant That Produces Tea.

The plant from which the Chinese and Japanese obtain the tea, is called by botanists Thea bohea. It is a small evergreen tree or shrub, closely allied to the camellia—indeed one of the latter, called warratah, is also said to furnish a certain class of tea. The bush of the genuine tea-plant grows from three to six feet high, bushy, branches numerous, leafy. The young shoots, finely-silky, are evergreen. The flowers are white and not unlike the myrtle, but longer and usually two together; the anthers and stigma are yellow; in flower in August and September in its native country. It was first introduced into British gardens in 1768. The black and green teas, as

BRANCH OF CHINESE TEA PLANT.

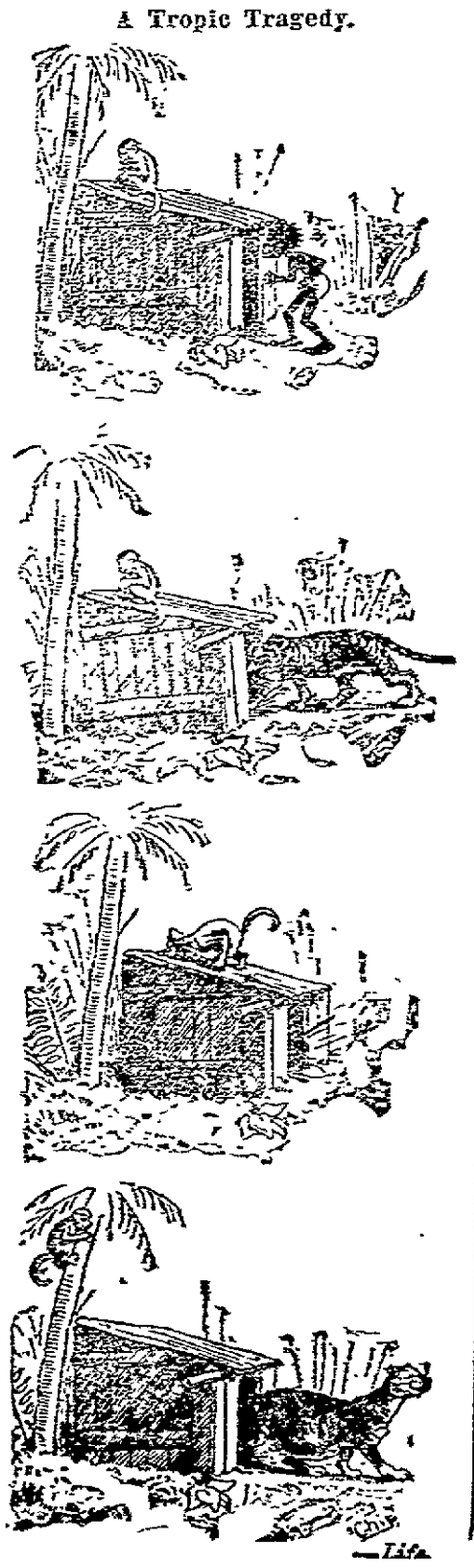
we obtain them, depend for their color upon the process of drying. Very young leaves and shoots give the finest tea. The illustration will give the appearance of the plant.—*Prairie Farmer.*

Cypher for the Typewriter.

An Englishman has invented an ingenious method of producing a cipher or secret communication by mechanical means. It is adapted for use on typewriters or similar writing machines where the type or corresponding index scale, dial or pointer is capable of being moved or adjusted. The type writing machines to be used for the purpose are made in duplicates, so that the two index scales correpond with each other in the arrangement of their characters, but differ from any other pair of machines. Since the index scale is adjustable, it may be shifted in two corresponding machines, so that one or more of the characters is moved out of its normal position, and, in consequence, when the operator strikes a certain letter on the keyboard, another totally different will be printed. Thus he can continue and write out an entire letter, which, to the unitiated, will seem like nothing more than a confused jumble of characters.

To decipher what has been written it is only necessary for the individual who has the clew to shift the index scale in the opposite direction from that used by the original operator, and then, by striking on the keyboard the characters of the secret communication, the correct message will be printed.—*Stationer.*

A Tropic Tragedy.



—*Life.*

THE MAIDEN.

There's a poem in the lily
With its lowly-bending head;
There's a poem in the sunset
With its brilliant tinge of red;
There's a poem in the forest,
In the lofty mountain wall;
But the poem of the maiden
Is the sweetest of them all.

She is tall or she is slender
With the lily's face of white;
She is lovely as the painting
Made by sunset's rosy light;
She is noble as the forest,
As the lofty mountain wall;
Ah, the maiden, of all nature;
Is the sweetest gem of all!

Let the cynic rant on fashion
And its catalogue of whims;
Let him tell of the flirtations
At the church between the hymns;
Let him point at coquettes' costumes
In the operatic stall,
Yet, the maiden, notwithstanding,
Is the sweetest gem of all.

—*Wm. Hosea Ballou, in Journalist.*

HUMOR OF THE DAY.

Harmless "White Caps"—Nurses.

Regular "old timers"—Dutch clocks.

Well watched—A jeweler's window.

A bad scrape—An amateur's violin solo.

Schnapp judgment—Deciding a bet of the drinks.

Down in a coal mine—A young miner's first moustache.

When the flakes begin to dance, look out for a snowball.

Rolling stock—Cattle on board a steamship in a storm.

The rain of terror—For a lady with no umbrella and a new bonnet.

A burglar who was recently prostrated with lockjaw cured himself by picking the lock.

A little girl's view of it: "Minerva was the Goddess of Wisdom; she never married."

The clarion notes of the rooster if written, would, no doubt, be divided by crow-bars.—*Merchant Traveler.*

You'll write it as sure as fate,
But don't find fault or pine,
But scratch with care the 8s,
And make it 88.

—*Merchant Traveler.*

We sometimes say "out of sight out of mind," but we do not necessarily imply that a blind man is insane.—*New York News.*

A.—"The crop of young doctors in New York is going to be very large this year." B.—"Yes, but what will the harvest be?"—*Siftings.*

Nature uses a great many quills with which to make a goose, but a man can make a goose of himself with only one.—*Orchard and Garden.*

"John, you are not listening to a word I am saying!" "Why, my dear, I am all ears." "I know you are, and that makes it all the more provoking."

A "deaf mute" church has been dedicated in Philadelphia. A fellow could snore all through the service and disturb nobody.—*Danville Breeze.*

A young man who becomes embarrassed when he calls on a certain young lady, says she gives him the shake every time he goes to see her.

The stores are now crowded no longer,
The salesgirls get rest and grow stronger,
While prices of gifts have so dwindled
That some of us feel we've been swindled.

—*Boston Budget.*

A Chicago clergyman who married three couples on the cars the other day resents the suggestion that he allow himself to be patented as a car coupler.—*Chicago Post.*

"What is your fortune, my ancient maid?"
"My wealth is my fortune, sir," she said.
"Can I marry you, my pretty maid?"
"If you are as wealthy, sir," she said.

—*New York Sun.*

Wife—"Shall I put your diamond studs in your shirt, dear?" Husband—"What on earth are you thinking of? Do you want to ruin me? I have a meeting with my creditors this morning."—*Jewelers' Weekly.*

Ethel (to her betrothed)—"Do learn to skate, George. I'm sure you would look lovely on ice." George (a young and rising undertaker)—"Look lovely on ice, would I? Thank you. No hurry about it."—*Siftings.*

Youthful Innocence: "One of you boys has been stealing raisins again; I have found the seeds on the floor. Which one of you was it?" Tommy—"It wasn't me. I swallowed the seed in mine."—*Scranton Truth.*

"Is marriage a failure?" he asked of a maid
Who clung pretty close to his side;
"I'm sure I can't tell, sir," the young lady said—
"Until you have made me your bride!"

—*New York World.*

Jeweler—"The inscription you wish to have engraved on the inside of this ring, if I understand you, is 'Marcellus to Irene.'" Young Man (with some embarrassment)—"Yes, that's right. But—er—don't cut the 'Irene' deep."—*Chicago Tribune.*

A Coffin on Her Back.

A very dignified lady of fifty, looking like a Duchess, strode through Union Square, New York. "That lady," said one who knew her, carries a coffin on her back. She is a Berliner, and in her youth she had two lovers, both of whom she encouraged. Her fickleness brought on rivalry between them, and at last one sent a challenge to the other. They fought a duel, in which the younger of them was killed, and it is the shadow of this coffin that she carries through the streets of New York. After a time she married the rival who slew her lover, but in a short time he died under dramatic circumstances. She subsequently became the wife of yet another man, who brought her to New York, where they are well known to many who do not know the record of her career."

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Governor Gordon says that the colored people of Georgia own more than $20,000,000 worth of property.

The Chicago *Sun* notes that "population is rapidly concentrating in cities. In twenty-five cities in the United States there are nearly 10,000,000 people, which is an increase of almost one-half over the population of the same cities ten years ago. The tendency to concentrate in cities is on the increase because of the attractions of city life."

Louisiana planters say that the slaughter of alligators has allowed muskrats, the great enemies of the levees, to increase at an alarming rate. South Florida people have discovered that the rapid decrease of the alligator in the peninsula has been accompanied by a corresponding increase in the moccasin, the most venomous of American snakes and the alligators choicest food. The saurian isn't pretty, but he is a friend of humanity, nevertheless.

A Boston hotel advertises that all servants in this hotel are liberally paid by the proprietor, that all guests are entitled to equally prompt and courteous service, and that when this is not cheerfully and properly given, the proprietor will be thankful to be notified of the fact. The "tipping" system is not only an exasperating imposition upon the guest, who pays liberally for all he receives, comments the *Detroit Free Press*, but it is a degrading importation, and reduces the men engaged in a respectable employment to a position of semi-mendicancy.

A surprising result of the census enumeration in Botetourt County, Va., is the increase in the number of farms. In one district where there were 150 farms in 1880, the present census shows 225, the large farms having been divided and subdivided. The Fincastle *Herald* regards this as an indication "that the large farms that have laid waste so long have been cut up into smaller ones, and that waste places are being cultivated and made to yield more advantageously to the labor of the husbandman; that there are more homes, and consequently a better condition generally of the farming class." The population of Botetourt County in 1880 was 11,809, while partial returns indicate that the present population is 19,000.

The English, or rather the cockney superstition about the "Household Troops" is, thinks the New York *Times*, one of the queerest superstitions in the British army. When the Guards are ordered abroad to take part in actual warfare, it is the general London belief that the war is thereby settled. No evidence to the contrary has any effect upon this simple faith or upon the popular enthusiasm in which it is manifested. One battalion of the Grenadier Guards has just been ordered to Bermuda, where there is no war raging, not for the sake of going where glory waits them, but simply as a punishment for insubordination. It seems as if this should break the spell in the case of these particular troops, but the enthusiasm was unabated. The dispatches set forth that they were accompanied to the station by 20,000 cheering civilians. Such an "ovation" to a body of troops in disgrace is probably unprecedented in the stories of patriotic zeal.

The French newspapers of late contain interesting descriptions of a recent surgical operation performed by Dr. Lannelongue at the Child's Hospital in Paris, which is among the first positive cures of hereditary idiocy noted in the progress of science. The subject operated upon was a diminutive child of four years of age, whose growth had been stunted by disease, who was unable to walk, and showed little or no interest in any of her surroundings. Working on the supposition that the skull was too narrow, a supposition borne out by many experiments and studies, the operation decided upon consisted in a surgical removal of substance enough from the left cavity of the skull to give ample room to the brain. The operation was made on the 9th of May last, and a month later the little girl began to give every evidence of an improvement in health, and now the subject has been pronounced completely cured of her disease. She walks, talks and plays as do other children of her age. The operation is doubtless as delicate a thing as it is remarkable, and like so many of the most daring feats of surgical skill of recent times does honor to the sagacity of the French.

A WOMAN'S HEART.

Like the world with its sun, moon and stars;
Like a prison with bolts, locks and bars;
Like the ocean unbounding;
Like a whirlwind resounding;
Like a veteran covered with scars;

Like a flower with a number of stems;
Like a casket for jewels and gems;
Like a harp softly stringing;
Like a lark gayly singing;
Like a kerchief unguarded by hems;

Like the earth with its countries and climes;
Like a bank with its dollars and dimes;
Like a poem, as metric;
Like the current electric;
Like a church steeple ringing sweet chimes;

Like a house with apartments to let;
Like a mine which a fortune will net;
Like the north wind in sighing;
Like the Devil in lying;
Like a child with its wailing and fret;

Like the summer with flowers in bloom;
Like the winter with darkness and gloom;
Like a pawnbroker lending;
Like an oak tree unbending;
Like a daintily furnished room;

Like a desk with its small secret slide;
Like a paper with "patent inside;"
Like a hound that's devoted,
Like a paper boat floated
On the breast of the outflowing tide;

Like a horse-car with "room for one more;"
Like a tigress that's thirsting for gore;
Like a two-seated carriage;
Like the love after marriage;
Like a book full of learning and lore—

Like all these—yet all but a part—
Like all these: yet what consummate art
Has been used in creating
And in rounding, inflating
That small part of queen woman—her heart.

—*Hugo Hirsh, in Cosmopolitan.*

MIS' ALCINA KING'S PARLOR

BY EDITH SESSIONS TUPPER.

Mis' King laid down the towel with which she was wiping her dishes and stood listening intently.

Then she stole on tiptoe to the wood house and peered in to see if 'Lias, the hired man, might be about.

Finding she was qutte alone, she recrossed the kitchen, passed through the living room, and paused before a closed door as a priestess might before a shrine. She opened the door and looked into a large, uncarpeted, unpapered, unfurnished room.

A smile stood over her thin, angular features that fairly transfigured the plain face.

"Looks dreary enough now," she said, "but take an' paper them walls—a sort of cream ground with pink roses kinder trailin' along; put some lace curtains to the winders, an' a brussels"—here she stopped and looked defiantly around—"yes, why not? A brussels 'd outlast a three-ply twice over. It will pay in the end to put down a brussels. Then a marble top table right in the centre of the room with the dish of wax fruit on it that Aunt Sally made. Then the sofy an six chairs—how I'd admire to have green rep like the Widder Bean's an' the hair wreath hung over the sofy, an' 'Wide Awake an' Fast Asleep' right there, an' Uncle Alonzo's picture—Lord-amassy! Alcina King, what be ye thinkin' on? Ye forgot the instrument;" and Mis' King straightened up, threw back her head, and extended her knotted, wrinkled hands, began playing on an imaginary musical instrument.

Suddenly she stopped. Her hands dropped to her sides. The rapt smile faded away, and in its place crept that hopeless, repressed look, so often seen on the faces of women of her class. She closed the door gently and went back to washing the dinner dishes.

The long summer afternoon wore away, and Mis' King began preparations for the evening meal. She took great pains with her biscuits, and they came out from the oven as light as thistledown.

She opened a can of her last preserves and brewed an unusually good cup of tea.

Supper was ready to the minute when the click of the gate was heard, and Mr. King's heavy step echoed along the walk.

He was a grave, solemn man, with a face not unlike that of an owl. He was a man of affairs at Podunky Corners, being the village postmaster and also one of the pillars of the Methodist Church.

He was an expert in exhorting and a bright and shining light in class meeting.

"Fer out-an'-out enhortin," his admirers were wont to say, "give me Brother King every time. He's a master hand at it. His warnin's to sinners are jest blood-curdlin', an' fer picturin' the worm that dieth not an' the fire that is not quenched, he can't be beat."

To-night Brother King was, if possible, more weighed down by the sins of a lost and corrupt humanity than usual, but after a biscuit or two and a third saucer of his wife's excellent "plum sass," he began to unbend.

Then it was that, woman-like, she resolved to seize her opportunity, and first coughing apologetically, she said briskly:

"I was thinkin', Mr. King, this afternoon, that we might as well furnish up that empty parlor. 'Twouldn't cost more'n a hun——"

She stopped, awe stricken by the look on the good man's face. He was well-nigh petrified at her audacity.

"O Mis' King, Mis' King," he mourned, setting down his cup and regarding her sadly; "it grieves me—it cuts me to the quick to see how taken up ye be with the pomps and vanities of this here sinful, dyin' world. Parlors, indeed! why, fer the price of furnishin' up that air spare room, ye might rescue a perishin' heathen. Think which you'd rather have on the last day, Mis' King, a parlor or a soul."

Thoroughly abashed, Mis' King made no answer.

Guilty and cowed, she did not urge the matter.

The poor woman had tried so many times to make her home attractive, and had always met with discouragement.

Slowly there was born an idea in her brain which grew and grew until it assumed the healthful proportions of an earnest resolve.

She would furnish her parlor herself. In her girlhood she had learned the tailor's trade, and had been quite skilful in handling the "goose."

She owned a machine and made her husband's clothes. There was no tailor in Podunky—a vista of possibilities opened out before longing eyes.

Having made her decision, she set to work. It was soon rumored in Podunky that Mis' King had begun "tailoring," and the news caused quite a stir in the little hamlet. Orders began to come in, and early and late the whir of Mis' King's machine might be heard, and high above its clatter rose her shrill, cracked voice as she quavered forth the strains of her favorite hymn—

Oh think of a home over there!
By the side of the river of light.

Weeks passed by, and a little roll of bills in Mis' King's bureau drawer began to be of pretentious size.

One afternoon as she was finishing a vest and thinking she must lay aside her work and begin supper, a shadow fell across the kitchen steps and a voice said:

"Howdy, Aunt Alcimy?"

She looked up at the tall, gawky lad of seventeen, her nephew, Ben Huling, and answered good-naturedly:

"First-rate, Ben. How do you do?"

"Oh, well enough," said the boy as he dropped listlessly down in the doorway, and gazed off to the hills that shut in Podunky, and that were fast growing red in the rays of the setting sun.

"How's crops lookin'?" asked his aunt.

"Crops," said the lad with sudden energy; then catching his aunt's reproving eye, he added: "I'm sorry, Aunt Alcimy. I know I hadn't ought to speak like that, but I'm sick of the sound of the word. It's nothin' but crops, crops, work, work, drudge, drudge, from mornin' till night, week in an' week out. No let up, no chance, no hope. Father's been promisin' these two years that I should go to Beldonia Normal for a term or two anyway, but to-day he told me I couldn't go. An' to crown that, he's took my colt—mine," he repeated fiercely, "that he gave me, an' that I've brought up and took such care of, an' sold it an' kept the money. Why, what he got for it would have given me one term at the Normal, and yet he tells me he can't afford to let me go——"

Here his voice broke, and he stared resolutely at the far-away hills, but under the shade of his battered straw hat Mis' King could see the big tears slowly drop down his thin cheeks.

"Oh, well," she said, kindly, "mebbe in another year ye can go——"

But he interrupted her.

"Aunt Alcimy," he said, as he looked straight at her with his dead mother's eyes, "you don't know what it is to want a thing awfully; to lie awake nights plannin' about it; to almost get it, and then have it snatched right out of your hand."

"You don't know what it is to want a thing awfully——"

Mis' King gave a little start, then slowly went to her bedroom, and. thrusting her hand in under a pile of freshly-ironed linen, touched and drew out a roll of bills.

Going back she stooped and touched her nephew on the shoulder, and as he looked up with the traces of tears yet on his cheeks, she said:

"Here, Ben, take this. It'll pay for a year at Beldonia."

"Why—why—what," stammered the boy, as he stared at the money in a dazed fashion. "Oh, Aunt Alcimy, how good you be! But ye're robbin' yerself——"

"No, no," said Mis' King with a queer little laugh,; "no, I hain't no special use for it. It's—it's just some I happened to have by me; yes, that's it; take it—take it—Ben."

Mis' King set herself dilligently to work again. Many a night she toiled while her husband slept the sleep of the sanctified. Once more the little hoard of bills grew to decent proportions, and in her mind's eye she began to see her future parlor in all its splendor.

One evening as she worked and sung the Widow Bean came in for a neighborly call.

The widow was the most popular news vender in Podunky. If anything new or startling occurred she rose to the occasion and went there to enlighten those who sat in darkness. To-night her bonnet strings fairly bristled with importance. She had weighty news.

"Dretful sudden, Mis' Deacon Mudge's death," she observed.

"Yes," assented Mis' King.

"Have ye seen the corpse?" asked her caller.

"No, I'm so drove. These here are the deacon's mournin' pants, an' I have got to scratch gravel to git them done fer the funeral."

"Wall, I never see no genteeler-lookin' corpse. She's laid out in fust-rate style. But I come in to tell ye the latest. Mandy Ransom's come home!"

"Ye don't say!" ejaculated Mis' King.

"Yes—with her babe," said the other, "an' no place fer her to go. She was calculatin' on her Uncle Ebenezer takin' on her in, but you know, he's moved to Dakoty. So now there's nothin' fer her but to go to the poorhouse."

"Poor thing!" said Mis' King.

"Wall, I hain't a mite nor a grain of pity fer her," said the widow. "Them that dances has has got to pay the fiddler," she added.

"Why can't she go out to her uncle?" suggested Mis' King.

"Wall, now, Mis' King, who'd ye s'pose would ever pay her way out there?"

"You could," said Mis' King, calmly. The widow was a woman of means.

"Sakes alive!" screamed the good soul, "be ye crazy? I'd see myself help that hussy," and she fairly spluttered with virtuous indignation. "I tell ye I have enough givin' to foreign missions without spendin' my cash on sech truck. But here, here, I must hurry. I want to go to Bailey's, and Beck's, and Mrs. Stubbs's to tell 'em the news," and away she hurried, no doubt regretting she could not go two ways at once.

Mis' King pushed her chair back from the machine and sat thinking. She remembered Mandy Ransom—a slight, slip of a girl with a sweet, mild, rose face. Dreadful that she must go to the poorhouse. If she could only go to her uncle. Ebenezer Ransom and his wife were the salt of the earth, and would do what was right by her.

It was a long way to Dakota. It would take quite a sum of money to go there. Cold weather was coming on and the baby ought to be warmly dressed.

Mis' King looked up at the clock. An hour yet before her good man would be home. In an hour she could walk to Seth Doolittle's, where Mandy was staying, and back again.

It was a wild, black night and raining torrents, but Mis' King did not hesitate.

She folded her plaid blanket shawl over her stooping shoulders, tied on her musty black bonnet, and went into her bedroom.

When she came out she was very pale, and her lips were firmly compressed.

She took down her faded cotton umbrella, opened the door, and went out into the night.

Four months later burglars took the roll of bills and nearly broke Mis' King's heart. But she went to work again.

One year later there is a great commotion on Mis' King's street. It even extends to the corners, and passing events are discussed from cracker barrels with due solemnity. In front of the postmaster's house stands a large van loaded with furniture. In the large "spare" room pink roses trail along the walls and a stout, red-faced German woman is tacking down a gaudy brussels carpet.

Superintending all is a pale-worn woman with sunken cheeks and hollow eyes, who pauses between her orders to patiently endure a fit of racking coughing.

The "instrument" is unpacked and brought in, and Mr. King stands looking on with manifest disapproval.

"Gauds and pomps," he groans. "Oh, Mis' King, how much better——"

"Don't, Lester," she gently says; "I want to enjoy it all I can—it won't be long."

At last everything was in order, even to the hair wreath and the wax fruit.

In the twilight Mis' King steals in and touches the "instrument." As her thin fingers wander over the keys, long-forgotten melodies of her girlhood come stealing back: She is so happy.

Two weeks later Mis' King receives her friends. The windows are all open, and the soft June air comes stealing in. The parlor is filled and so is the living room—yes, even the kitchen, while groups of men stand awkwardly about the yard and on the steps.

There in her parlor, with the head of her coffin on the marble top table, with her tired hands peacefully folded, quiet and cold lies Mis' King; while from the little group standing about the "instrument" comes the strain——

"I'll soon be at rest over there——
By the side of the river of light."

—*Inter-Ocean.*

Broods of Chinese Birds.

Last fall Dr. W. O. Blaisdell, of Macomb, secured from Oregon two pairs of Chinese pheasants and turned them loose to go forth and multiply their kind on the face of the earth in general, but in McDonough County in particular. Eight years ago the State Board of Agriculture of Oregon imported from China eleven of these species of grouse, and with the protection of the game laws of that State they have inceeased to nearly a million. These birds are about as large as a common prairie chicken, of beautiful plumage, and their flesh is superior in every respect for the table to the quail or common American grouse. They yearly hatch three broods of fifteen birds each, and seem particularly well adapted to our climate. They furnish good shooting and are much more difficult to kill than quail, pigeons or woodcock.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

St. Louis permits no dairies in its borders that are not duly inspected by its city authorities, and the city embraces the whole county.

There are a dozen women notaries public in New York city.

HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

TO PREVENT JARS FROM CRACKING.

To prevent your glass jars from cracking when putting in hot liquid, stand a tablespoon up in them. There is a prevailing idea that this process has something to do with electricity, but the true solution is that the spoon absorbs some of the heat and also carries some of it out into the open air.—*New York World.*

CLEANING A WHITE STRAW HAT.

One economical young wife has found out that sulphur will not clean a white straw hat. Observing that her husband's last year's hat was soiled, she cheerfully informed him that she knew how to clean it so that it would look just as good as a new one. A friend in Brooklyn gave her the receipt. The husband had some misgivings, but, being accustomed to let his wife have her own way, he surrendered his hat, and the wife immediately treated it to a bath in sulphur fumes. The fumes were so strong that they nearly drove four families out of the house, but the economical young woman only smiled confidently as she held a damp sponge to her nostrils. When the hat came out of the bath it was perfectly black. Except that the blackness rubbed off, the hat would have been as good as the genuine black straws that are now so popular.—*New York Times.*

SIMPLE METHOD OF PRESERVING FRUIT.

A writer in a foreign journal says that he has preserved large quantities of fruit, every season for more than forty years in pure water only. The fruit is placed in wide-mouthed bottles up to the neck; then water is poured in to cover the fruit; the bottles are then placed in heat—where they remain until near the boiling point. They are then put aside to cool, and when quite cold a small quantity of olive oil is gently poured into each bottle; they are then as gently put on a shelf in a cool, dry pantry, where no scrubbing ogre is allowed to disturb them, until they are wanted for use. The mouths of the bottles are left uncovered and uncorked; the oil keeps out the air effectually. The only failure he has had for many years was when three bottles of Orleans plums fermented. They were quite ripe when bottled, and it should be borne in mind that there is a point where ripeness ends and decay commences. The writer does not hesitate, he adds, to use old pickle-bottles, and even glass jars that have come with French plums; but he prefers bottles, for when the water reaches half-way up to the neck, only a small quantity of oil is required.—*New York Witness.*

MANGOES.

Melon Mangoes—Select small, green musk melons. Cut out a small piece, remove the seeds with a spoon and scrape out the soft part. Make a strong brine, pour over the melons, cover and let stand twenty-four hours; drain and take from the brine.

Make filling for two dozen melons of two heads of cabbage, chopped fine, six white onions chopped, a teaspoonful each of ground cinnamon and cloves, a tablespoonful of grated horse radish, a tablespoonful of salt, half a teaspoonful of black pepper and one pod of red pepper; mix all well together. Fill the melons, replace the piece cut out and tie securely. Put the melons in a large stone jar, cover with strong vinegar and set aside for ten hours; then put in a kettle and let simmer gently for twenty minutes; return to the jar, pour strong, fresh vinegar over and stand aside all night; in the morning drain off the vinegar, last pour over the mangoes again, cover and set aside in a cold place.

Oil Mangoes—Put large cucumbers or green peppers in strong brine for six days. Wash and remove the seed; stuff with one pound of mustard seed, quarter of a pound of ginger, half a pound of black pepper, half a teacup of celery seed, and three ounces of mace; mix these ingredients with half a teacup of olive oil; fill the mangoes with it. Put in a stone jar, sprinkle with a pound of salt, pour over cold vinegar, press down and keep well covered.

Pepper Mangoes—Cut the tops from a dozen red, and half a dozen green peppers. Remove the seeds, stand the peppers in stone crocks, put a teaspoonful of salt in each, pour over cold water, and let soak two days. Chop a large head of cabbage, season with mustard, cloves, allspice, cinnamon and salt; stuff the peppers with the mixture; put on the tops, place in a stone jar and cover with cold vinegar.

Tomato Mangoes—Select smooth, full-grown green tomatoes, cut off the tops and take out the seeds, fill the cavities with salt, pour over water and let stand twenty-four hours; chop a head of cabbage, two bunches of celery, a root of horse radish; season with spices, mustard, pepper and salt; fill the tomatoes, put in a jar, cover with cold vinegar.

Peach Mangoes—Pour boiling water over fifty peaches and let stand two days; take them out and split them on one side and put to soak in tumuric vinegar for two days. Take out the seed, fill with a stuffing made of chopped peaches, mustard and celery seed, brown sugar, ginger, cinnamon, cloves, chopped onions and green pepper. Sew up and drop in spiced vinegar.—*Courier-Journal.*

The Vassar girls have concluded to endow a chair of astronomy in that college in honor of, and to be known after, the late Maria Mitchell.

FARM AND GARDEN.

A Cheap Snow Plow.

Every country place where much snow falls should have a snowplow in readiness to save most of the slow and laborious work of shoveling snow. With such an implement one man with a horse can clear out all the paths that may be necessary in an hour's time, that would take all day with shovels. All that is wanted is two pieces of heavy boards about six feet long and fifteen to eighteen inches wide, set on edge in the form of the letter A with braces across to keep them in position. Bind the forward ends of the planks together by nailing on irons bent to suit and with a hook for the whiffletree.—*New York World.*

Currying and Brushing Horses.

It is quite true that horses will live without the use of the currycomb and brush, but they will live and do much better with it. The skin of any animal is continually exuding matter of various kinds—the waste of the system and the dead surface, which is always being replaced by new growth. This must be removed in some way, and in its natural condition the horse rolls and rubs itself, and as well as it can gets rid of the exudation from its skin. A domesticated horse has not these opportunities, and the owner must afford a substitute, which is best done by the currycomb and a stiff brush. A clean, slick-coated horse is always in a healthy condition, and the skin is a very satisfactory indication of the health of the horse. A horse that is working should be thoroughly cleaned both morning and night by means of a card or currycomb and a stiff brush.—*New York Times.*

Deep Soil For Potatoes.

In relation to deep soil for potatoes, the *Country Gentleman* says: Potatoes and corn differ in one important particular. A severe drouth of temporary continuance, causing the leaves of corn to wither, does not seriously affect the amount of the crop, while it may greatly reduce potatoes. Corn planted on inverted sod, plowed only five or six inches deep, will yield more than on a seven or eight-inch sod. On the contrary, potatoes are best on a deep soil. We have known sub-soiling to increase the potato crop over thirty per cent. as compared with contiguous land not subsoiled. A row of potatoes over a filled ditch yielded double the rows in other part of the field. The roots of potatoes run deeper than those of corn. Potatoes require a continued supply of moisture, and a deep soil will drink in a copious rain and give it out to the crop in time of drouth.

Cannibal Two-Winged Flies.

The larvæ of certain insects are beneficial to man, because of their habit of feeding upon the bodies of, and thereby causing the death of their hosts. Of these beneficial cannibals there are two classes, one of which deposits its eggs in or upon the body of its victim, where it hatches, and the larva feeds upon the living tissues of its victim; the other catches its prey and devours it piecemeal, or sucks its juices out and casts the more solid portion aside.

To this latter class belong the larvæ of certain two-winged flies of the Syrphus family. The adult flies closely resemble bees in their color, and indeed, in some parts of the country they are called "sweat bees" by the boys. Their larvæ are particularly fond of plant-lice, and few sights are more interesting than to see the footless maggot carefully groping about until within reach of its victim, when it stretches out its pointed head, pierces the louse, and, holding it aloft, sucks out the juices from its plump body and casts the carcass to the winds.

A species of these larvæ destroys the apple-root louse; another attacks the louse found on the apple leaves; others attack the lice found on various other plants. The larvæ of Syrphus ribesii have been known to clear the plum tree of the lice peculiar to it. When the lice have caused the leaves to curl so as to prevent the insecticides that may be applied to the tree from reaching them, these larvæ are particularly useful in following them into such strongholds and completely clearing them out.—*Prairie Farmer.*

Apoplexy in Swine.

Apoplexy is usually a disease of fat hogs, although an animal that has long been thin or suffering from excessive irritation of the intestinal canal would also be predisposed to it. It must be understood that the process of fattening an animal in a few weeks destroys the equilibrium of the system, and in one sense the fatness is in itself disease. The storing up of fat in the animal economy is always at the expense of muscular development. The muscles become weak and flabby. All the blood vessels of the system are surrounded by a strong, tough, muscular coat, that in a state of perfect health will resist any force that the heart's action can put upon these canals. But the fattening process weakens these fibers; a sudden or unusual strain ruptures one in the brain, and we call it apoplexy. It is not as common in the hog as one would expect, but occurs so often that the breeder should understand it and know the right thing to do. It is impossible to foresee when this is going to occur. If the rupture is a very small one, when the blood is oozing out in tiny drops, the hog will sometimes be found lying insensible and breathing heavily. No effort will arouse it. It is more usual to find a big, fat hog lying dead, with no external marks or signs of the cause of death. Cut open the skull carefully, and a clot of blood of greater or less extent will be found inside. If alive, however, tie a stout cord above the knee, and with a stick take a twist in the cord, until on the inner side of the leg below the knee the brachial brain can be felt. Open it with a sharp-pointed knife, and if the blood will run take a pint and a half or a quart. Don't guess at it. An ounce of blood spread over the ground or on the floor has been mistaken for a pint. If the bleeding is to do any good there must be considerable taken. If the broken vein is a small one, and the case is observed soon after it occurred, the animal may be saved. If it partially revives it will be proper to evacuate the bowels. A large stock syringe would be valuable here to throw up a quart of warm water. In most cases, however, the owner will have a chance to sell the animal for soap fat.—*New York Herald.*

Care of Cattle.

There is no economy in keeping cattle in the pasture now; even where there is considerable grass it has been frostbitten, and has lost its nutritive power. It may "help to fill up," as the farmer said who mixed sawdust with his meal for his fattening hogs, but it does not assist much in making either flesh or milk. In the mowing fields there is not likely to be any more grass now than will be needed to keep the roots from winter killing, and all that is fed off this month if likely to come out of next year's hay crop. Fodder corn, millet and green oats are so easily grown that a farmer has no excuse for being short of forage to winter his stock, if they are put in the barn as soon as cold weather begins. A little exercise each day in a yard where the sun can shine and the wind cannot blow upon them may be beneficial to them, but they are better off and can be kept much cheaper under cover than they can when exposed to cold winds and storms. This is as true of young animals as of milch cows.

Crowd all the grain for the fattening stock that they can be made to eat, and keep a close watch to see whether they are gaining flesh fast enough to pay for it or not. Many farmers kill their fat cattle and swine just when they are making the greatest number of pounds of meat for the bushel of grain, partly because the gain does not show as plainly after the animal is pretty well fattened, and partly because the amount of grain eaten grows larger as the animal increases and the cooler weather comes on. If such farmers could have scales upon which they could weigh their animals each week, they could easily ascertain whether the pounds gained were more than paying for the grain or not.

Of course other considerations may make early slaughtering desirable, such as the prospect of the meat being lower in price later in the season, when stock is brought forward from the West, or if the meat is for home use, a dislike to have it too fat. And a low price for tallow may make a very fat beeve sell comparatively lower than one moderately fat. Of these things the farmer can judge for himself, but he must also remember that a poorly fattened ox will shrink forty-five to fifty per cent. from the live weight, and a very fat one thirty-five per cent. or less, so that every pound of gain made now is nearly so many pounds of merchantable beef. There are not many more pounds of offal in a hog that weighs 400 pounds when very fat than there was in the same animal when he weighed 200 pounds.—*Boston Cultivator.*

Farm and Garden Notes.

Ventilate the churn sufficiently.

Rinse all dairy utensils in cold water.

Have you got up a good pile of wood?

Feed that that you expect to feed you.

Corn alone is a poor food-ration for any animal.

The high cranberry is recommended as an ornamental shrub.

Give your hens a variety of food; a change will be found beneficial.

Do not feed raw corn meal dough to a sick fowl. Let it be steamed or scalded.

Every farmer should keep a few sheep, not for the wool alone, but for good mutton.

While many approve, there are those who, after a trial, are opposed to the practice of dehorning cattle.

Much good feed is wasted because of improper feeding; with a proper food-ration, there is practically no loss.

Give your stock a good coat of fat. Give your land a good coat of manure. Give your implements a good coat of paint.

Swiss cattle, imported into this country and scattered in small herds here and there, are said to be giving satisfaction as hardy, serviceable animals.

The general sentiment, as expressed by Iowa breeders, is that the steer should be made to weigh 1400 to 1500 pounds at twenty-four to thirty months old.

The sheep is said to be the animal o the golden-hoff. It destroys weeds and enriches the land, and also feeds and clothes its owner. It is the all-purpose animal of the farm.

If you want to really improve your stock, don't flit, like a bird, from breed to breed; decide on the breed you like best, and the one best adapted to the object you have in view, and stick to it.

Bear in mind that a leaky canopy-top stable with self-ventilating side walls is a good incubator of colds, coughs, pneumonia and all sorts of disease, and that filth furnishes a suitable medium for the culture of disease.

Apple shippers should use clean, new uniform standard packages every time. Undersized barrels work against the grower. The man who ships well packed apples is the man who will make money in the long run.

Dry days until spring, when rubbish and dry grass in fence-corners, along hedge-rows, in orchards and elsewhere, will burn close to the ground, are good days in which to fight chinch bugs. Let there be purifying by fire.

A wire fence is the costliest windbreak one can provide for stock, and the profit expected from the feed from the hay loft and the bin may be blown away through loose unbattened walls and cheerless, wind-swept yards.

NEWS AND NOTES FOR WOMEN.

A "safety bicycle" for women has been invented.

Faced cloth or camel's hair are the favorite stuffs.

Bonnets are chosen to match the cloak, not the dress.

White, green and rose are the fashionable evening colors.

Mrs. August Belmont's favorite pet is a silver skye terrier.

Magnolia and japonica are the newest shades in cream white.

London's very latest oddity is the use of ostrich feathers for sleeves.

Linings are of satin, quilted and matching the velvet in color.

In fashionable circles diamonds are not as generally worn as formerly.

The Presbyterians have decided to have an Order of Deaconesses.

Serviceable wraps are English long coats of rough-surface Irish frieze.

The Empire gown not merely allows but demands blossoms in profusion.

Luxurious cloaks are made of black brocade in the round peasant shapes.

Mrs. Harrison will be the thirty-third lady to preside over the White House.

House and visiting gowns are slightly trained, but street costumes are sensibly short.

Among the newest new reds are Veronese, sultane, Mephisto, and English cherry.

Queen Victoria's household expenses during the past year amounted to the sum of $225,000.

In Italy there are eight American-born Princesses, seven Marchionesses, twelve Countesses and a Baroness.

Combs for holding the hair in place are small but fanciful. Gold, shell and amber are favored materials.

A thorough knowledge of hygenic cookery will prove the most useful accomplishment to any women.

When velvet is used for cloaks, the trimmings are rich fur and silk cord passementeries without beads.

Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., who is going on the stage, has a fine contralto voice and is an accomplished pianiste.

Patti, the cantatrice, uses coca wine and glycerine mixed for her voice, and physicians approve the mixture.

Some dainty tea gowns are Grecian in style. They have clinging draperies and there are silken girdles at the waist.

Coats for outdoor wear appear in several styles. One, long and close-fitting, has a silk sash folded about the waist.

Mrs. Cleveland has started a new fashion in cloaks. It is a tight-fitting terra cotta garment with short double capes.

Fancy needlework is employed in making flower pincushions with loose petals done in embroidered or pinked silk.

A shepherd's crook of Roman gold is a favorite hatpin, and gold and silver boathooks are much admired as hairpins.

Fur and embroidery are noted on bonnets, as well as on wraps, and even passementerie now figures as a bonnet garniture.

The reports of the Patent Office show that at least two of the patents granted during every week are issued to women inventors.

The full, round peasant circular is a favorite shape for party cloaks, as it covers the entire costume, and is easily put on or taken off.

Elderly ladies wear deep mantles of Persian lambskin, which are made with large sleeves that are gathered smaller about the wrists.

Pink rose petals are made into pretty bands and edge the half-low or V-shaped necks of evening dresses worn by young ladies.

Sashes of watered ribbon, or of thick gros grain ribbon with heavy corded edges, are almost invariably worn with tulle ball costumes.

The "Oolong wave" is not a new wrinkle in doing up the hair. It is the latest designation in Washington for the greatly abused afternoon tea.

Philanthropic women in Hartford, Conn., have organized classes in dressmaking and commercial arithmetic to aid young women in earning a living.

A little girl of Poulan, Ga., raised enough peanuts and sugar cane to pay for five and a half acres of land, and she had enough money left to fence it with.

A new role for women in London is that of serving writs. A pretty young women there is said to find doors open to her, which to nearly every other sheriff's officer are shut fast.

Pretty afternoon dresses are made of fawn, gray, tan-colored, dark blue, or golden olive French camel's hair. These toilets are graceful and artistic and are cut in princesse fashion with slight trains.

The industrial department of the Woman's Educational and Industrial Union of Syracuse, N. Y., sent out fifty-seven graduates during the year just closed. This is said to be an unusually large class.

A Woman's League has been formed in New Orleans. One of its objects is to look in a large and practical way after the interests of women—as to how they are treated in asylums, prisons, stores, station houses, etc.

Of white dress fabrics there is no end. Brocades, plain or striped velvets, watered silks, bengaline, ottoman silk, faille, Irish poplin, embossed satin and Henrietta cloth are obtainable in white and make up very effectively.

In spite of the oft-repeated assertion that cloaks alone will be worn by fashionable women, there are innumerable short wraps in velvet, bengaline cloth, broche and plush to be seen on fashionable thoroughfares.

AN EMPEROR'S TROUBLES.

GERMANY'S RULER AFFECTED BY DEFORMITY AND DISEASE.

A Combination of Circumstances at His Birth Sent Him Through Life With a Withered Arm.

In Paris two days ago, says a cable gram to the New York *Sun*, I talked about Emperor William with a friend whose fame as a medical man is world wide and obtained for your readers most interesting and definite information as to the young ruler's physical condition. The information may be relied upon as exact beyond any question.

"Young William was unlucky in the first place," said my friend, "in having a Princess for a mother, and equally so in having been born a Prince. Those two circumstances account for his unhappy deformity. The usually accepted accounts of its nature and origin are imaginative rubbish. The Crown Princess Frederick was, as is generally known, traveling in an out-of-way place at a very indescreet period. The birth of the present German Emperor was unexpected and he was helped into the world by some obscure little doctor with an awe for royalty far in excess of his knowledge of surgery. If he had been allowed to think that his patient was simply an ordinary woman of strong physique, all would probably have been well; but the fact was carefully impressed upon him that he had in his hands the life of the future Queen, and the child would, perhaps, be heir to the Prussian throne. This so demoralized the little doctor that he added the strength of his own muscles to the forces of nature and so severed all the muscles of the infant's left arm.

"When I was called to Windsor by Queen Victoria to attend the little boy I saw at once that his case was hopeless. If he had been a grocer's son, some good doctor would have been called in, and some sound method of cure adopted and followed. As a Prince, however, he had to be seen by every good doctor, no system was followed out, and the worst possible result of the accident ensued, namely, complete atrophy of the arm.

"It is wasted completely away, and is probably smaller than when I examined him as a boy at Windsor. Fortunately such wonderful skill has been shown by the German surgeons as to save him from the mortification of having it plainly seen that one of his arms is simply the withered arm of a child. The withered limb is padded out in a most lifelike fashion, and not only that, but within the padding is almost wonderfully clever machine, a series of strings and cords acting like the muscles of the arm. These artificial muscles are connected with the good muscles of the shoulder most adroitly, so that while in a natural condition he would be incapable of moving his withered arm. This most ingenious mechanism enables him to impart to it movements that are almost lifelike. He can raise or lower his artificial hand and use it sufficiently well to guide carefully trained and broken chargers which are selected for him."

The readers of this letter will remember that I have frequently insisted upon the great gravity of the disease concentrated in the unlucky Emperor's head, and which is officially described as a slight affection of the ear. My statements as to the seriousness of this trouble were based upon authentic information from the Berlin court and are confirmed by the comment of the physician quoted above.

"The Emperor's deformity," said he, "is nothing, except as it mortifies and irritates an extremely proud and sensitive man; but the disease in his head is one which may have most serious consequences for all Europe. It may drive the Emperor to the most extravagant acts, or suddenly, by killing him, end the speculation as to what his career may be.

"I can tell you positively that it already makes him insane at intervals. He was insane when he delivered certain speeches which his advisers were compelled to revise and interpret officially. He was mentally deranged by his suffering and the direct effect of his malady upon the brain. All the skill of the doctors about him is concentrated to fight the disease that is growing in his head. Once already it has gone beyond the control of the doctors, and the Emperor suffered a most dreadful attack, all knowledge of which was carefully kept from the public. When the disease reaches a certain point, there will come an explosion, and the Emperor will either die or become hopelessly insane.

"Just what the disease is I will not say. Its nature may be described as that of a tumor and an abnormal growth within the brain. The skill of his physicians may fight off the final stages of the disease for a longer period than at present seems probable, but there is very little hope that they will be able to cure it.

"The young Emperor is decidedly an unlucky man. Old Emperor William suffered, which is not generally known, from a form of epilepsy, and his grandson, who has inherited the trouble, is also afflicted with fits epileptic in character."

Bridges to be Built of Stone.

The managers of the Pennsylvania Railroad have resolved to rebuild all its bridges of short span in brick or stone instead of iron. It is argued that the weight of locomotives has increased so much of late years that iron bridges, which were built with a large margin of safety, are now dangerously tried by the trains passing over them, and the expense of inspection and repair of iron bridges represents a large interest on their cost. For these reasons the engineers on the road have decided that brick or stone arches, although much more expensive in the first instance than iron trusses, will be cheaper, as well as safer, in the end.—*New York Telegram.*

WISE WORDS.

Guard against quarrelsomeness.

Home is the dearest place on earth.

A guilty conscience makes cowards of us all.

Willfulness is no mark of grace or wisdom.

It is the very reason some people are not happy, because they think others are happier.

No person need make a great effort in the affectation of manners, it is noticeable enough.

It is a good thing to possess confidence in others, but much safer to depend upon yourself.

One of the causes that leads us to misfortune is that we live according to the example of others.

Everybody is hacking and hewing each other, trying to make a man better than he was born.

Your goodness must have some edge to it, else it is none. Nothing is at last sacred but the integrity of your own mind.

Public opinion is the strongest factor in putting down any evil, and it is made up of private opinion, openly expressed and heartily followed.

Be cheerful; do not brood over fond hopes unrealized until a chain, link after link, is fastened on each thought and wound about the heart. Nature intended you to be the fountain-spring of cheerfulness and social life, and not the traveling monument of despair and melancholy.

As it is the manly man who wins and satisfies a good woman, so it is the womanly woman who pleases and retains the desirable man. She need not be soft or silly, or weak or nervous—she may be strong, vigorous, resolute and brave; but, whatever she is, she must be womanly in order to please.

He who amasses wealth, not as an equitable return for value given, but by underhand dealing or oppression of the poor, or gambling on a high or low scale, has been engaged in no honorable competition. He who climbs into power, not by proving himself the fittest man to wield it, but by pushing others down and crowding them out, desecrates the name of emulation.

The Horse Knew the Drill.

The following story is told by Fred Grant: In his last year at West Point he held the position of captain of artillery. One day the visiting officer, who happened to be his father, General Grant, held an inspection and drill. After the cadets had assembled on the parade ground it was decided to give the commands by bugle call. The officers would then deliver them by word of mouth to the men. Fred Grant had a notoriously bad ear for music. He had never been able to master a single tune, and, worse still, had no idea of time. When the announcement of the mode of giving the orders was made he rushed up to a comrade and said:

"Great goodness! what shall I do? I can't tell the difference between the 'charge' and the 'retreat.'"

His friend advised him to change his horse for Mazeppa, a horse of one of the sergeants. She would carry him through. He hastily did so, and watched every moment of his animal during the ensuing evolutions. When the bugle sounded "forward," the knowing animal advanced; and the command was accordingly given to the men. When the call of "halt" came, Mazeppa stood like a rock, and the proper order was issued by the officer. In this way the horse, by its ear for music, told its rider the orders for the day and carried him safely through the complicated movements of the drill.

He Saved the Czar.

"Brock" McVickar, one of the characters of Chicago, just dead, once saved the life of Alexander, the late Czar of Russia. "Brock" was in Paris, and on the grand fete day was in the street among the throngs of people watching the Czar and his magnificent retinue as they passed on their way to the Tuileries.

Suddenly an anarchist or nihilist in the crowd pulled a gun, and poking the muzzle under the arm of a man in front of him, blazed away at the Czar.

"Brock" McVickar was the man in front of the would-be assassin. He turned and grabbed him, and, despite his desperate struggles to get away and lose his identity in the crowd, hung on until the officers arrived and hurried the man to prison.

The Czar inquired who had stopped the murderous nihilist. He was told that the individual was "Brock" McVickar, of Chicago. He sent for him, and "Brock" brushed up a little and went. The Czar thanked "Brock" for the service he had rendered and decorated him with various orders as a reward.—*New York Herald.*

Maxims of Great Warriors.

Napoleon laid it down as a special rule that professional study in some form is the first condition of practical success.

Wellington, at the close of his last great campaign, confessed to a junior staff officer his personal obligation to daily study.

It was Frederick the Great who said that war is a science in superior men, an art for ordinary men and a trade for ignorant men.

Marshal Turenne, the greatest of those great soldiers of the age of Louis XIV., thought that the art of war was learned more from books than upon battlefields, and his great talents were the fruit of the deepest study.

The Archduke Charles, who first showed the Generals of Europe that Napoleon could be beaten, formed his reputation as a strategist upon emerging from his study, where he had spent many months pursuing the theory of war, having previously served in three campaigns.

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SEA MONSTERS.

GIGANTIC HORRORS THAT ROAM THE DARK DEPTHS.

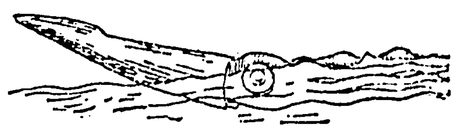
The Great Sea Serpent and What It Really Is—Giant Squids and Mighty Poulps That Often Attack Man.

IT THIS season of the year the sea serpent is accustomed to turn up at odd spots along the Atlantic seaboard and supply interesting summer reading for the newspapers. There is nothing that people are more eager to hear about than this mystery of the ocean—for one reason, because science readily admits the possibility of such a creature's existence. Although the ignorant are accustomed to pooh-pooh such a notion, as they do everything which does not come within the grasp of their understanding, the mass of reliable testimony in the sea serpent's favor is recognized by those who have studied the subject as well-nigh incontrovertible. That some prodigious monster of actual fact has by its occasional appearance afforded a basis of truth for what is generally supposed to be a myth has been entirely demonstrated, and will be sufficiently shown in this article. It remains to be determined whether other monsters besides this, as big or bigger, have a share in responsibility for the stories.

It is rather extraordinary that the monster when seen is always referred to as the sea serpent, as if there could not be more than one such animal in existence. But surely if one exists there must be others, else how would its kind be perpetuated? It is hardly to be supposed that the sea serpent has a life of indefinite duration and that a single specimen has been astonishing the world at intervals for thousands of years, for it must be remembered that observations concerning the beast have been made a matter of written history for at least three thousand years. One finds in Virgil's "Ænid" a description of the manner in which two sea serpents came out of the ocean at the behest of an angry goddess, and gobbled up Laocoon and his two sons, twining about them with slimy and hideous coils.

Two-thirds of the earth's surface is covered with water, the far depths of which, miles and miles below the waves, have never been approached by the human explorer. Who can say what frightful creatures, vast and formless nightmares of the deep, may lurk there in the darkness of an aqueous night never illuminated by a sun's ray? No one has any reason for asserting that the enormous plesiosaurus of the oolithic age, skeletons of which are found at this day does not still survive in the unfathomed caves of ocean. This extraordinary aquatic reptile, which resembled a gigantic snake threaded through the body of a turtle, having the head of a lizard, the teeth of a crocodile, a neck thirty feet long like the body of a serpent, the ribs of a chameleon and the paddles of a whale, would answer very well to the usual description given of the great sea serpent. It is very likely, however, that the monster which has given cause for a majority of such stories is one of unquestioned existence at the present time, although up to a very recent period, science was not well acquainted with it, nor was it known what mighty proportions this ogre of the ocean attains.

With the giant squid, however, the fishermen of the Indian Ocean have been unpleasantly acquainted for many cen-



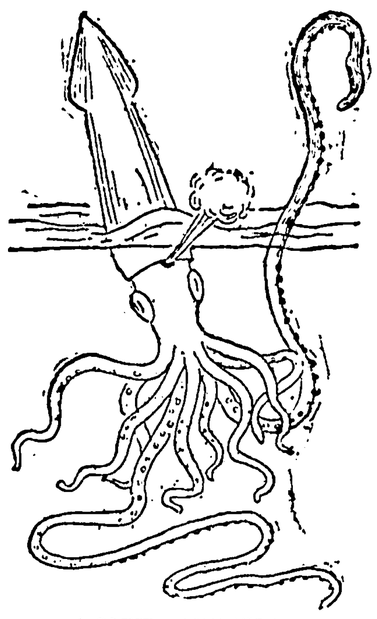
THE GIANT SQUID.

turies. In fact, the professional angler in those south seas is compelled constantly to indulge a rather exciting anticipation of meeting one, and a certain percentage of loss of life consequent upon these encounters is a matter of regular estimate in the business, for the humble toiler of the sea, while engaged in his peaceful employment, must be prepared at any time to see a monstrous creature with enormous goggling eyes rise out of the depths and fling across his boat a gigantic tentacle armed with scores of suckers so powerful that nothing short of horse power can pull them from the object to which they have been once attached. For such an adventure the fisherman has always ready at hand a keen knife with which to slash off the tentacle before it has dragged him overboard in fatal embrace. He must work quickly, for the monster has another tentacle to help him in the attack, and it is hardly an even fight between one or two men and a creature with an arm reach of 100 feet.

Such and even greater are the proportions reached by the giant squid, which is considered by some excellent authorities to be in actual truth not only the supposed sea serpent but the semi-fabulous kraken as well. It inhabits all seas, though it is most numerously found in tropical waters. A full-grown specimen weighs more than 10,000 pounds, has a body 50 feet in length and, besides its eight smaller tentacles, is armed with two greater tentacles for purposes of attack each 100 feet long, the greatest dimension of the animal being therefore not less than 150 feet. No wonder that stories are told of its attacking ships and even dragging them under the seal As for the poor fisherman, once captured and held fast by the horrible sucking tentacles he is drawn into the closer embrace of the beast's eight other arms, which are likewise equipped with suckers, and the frightful creature sinks with its captive to the bottom, where it tears him to pieces at its leisure with its powerful parrot-like beak. Should it be frightened while engaged at its hideous meal it discharges from an organ called its ink bag a fluid which renders the water round about as black as night for hundreds of yards, thus effectually concealing itself.

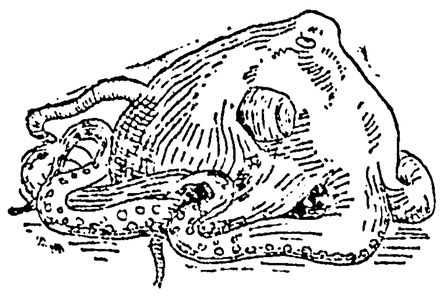
This is the creature which not a few men of science declare to be what those who thought they had seen the great serpent of the sea have attempted to describe. The accompanying illustrations show it in the act of swimming in its accustomed fashion during calm weather, with a large part of its body elevated above the water. Extended observations of small specimens made in the aquarium at Brighton, England, have demonstrated the fact that this is its favorite method of feeding. Inasmuch as it always swims backward, making progress by expelling water rearward from a big siphon in its body, observers casually viewing a giant squid at sea may have most naturally imagined that the part going first was the head, the appearance of a tentacle upraised in the water, as in the picture, being mistaken for a tail. Such, at all events, is a theory maintained with great array of evidence apparently most valuable. For the present, however, it must remain a disputed question whether this animal of fact is to take the place of the sea serpent of ancient and respected tradition. It is worth saying, by the way, that the two great snakes which attacked the Laocoon family may very well have been the two great tentacles of a giant squid, making allowances for errors of tradition.

The "kraken," which advocates of the giant squid theory likewise indentify with the same monster, was believed for centuries to inhabit the seas and fiords of Scandinavia, where it is now known that squids of the largest size dwell. There seems, in truth, no good reason for doubting that the two creatures, the one real and the other half mythical, are one. The famous bishop and naturalist, Pontoppidan, member of the Royal Academy of Sciences at Copenhagen, wrote that the kraken grew to be half a mile long and was frequently mistaken while floating asleep upon the surface of the sea for an island; so that people landed upon it and were engulfed in a maelstrom by its sinking. It will be remembered that Sinbad the Sailor is said in the "Arabian Nights" to have had a like adventure. The kraken was big enough to lay hold of the largest man-of-war and pull it down to the bottom with its arms, which it frequently raised up as high as the masts of a ship out of the water. Pontoppidan speaks of the manner in which the kraken was accustomed on occasions to discolor the water about it, and his description otherwise proves that it and the giant squid were the same animal.



A SQUID NAVIGATING

One of the best attested sea serpents on record was seen on the 6th day of August, 1848, by the officers of the H.M.S. Dædalus in the North Pacific. About sixty feet of its length was visible, and it had all the appearance of a gigantic snake, its head and shoulders held four or five feet above the surface of the water, through which it swam at the rate of perhaps fifteen miles an hour. It was viewed at quite close quarters through field glasses from the ship's deck, and was observed to be of a dark brown color, yellowish white about the throat, and with what appeared to be a mane. On the 24th day of February, 1849, about forty miles from the spot where the serpent above mentioned was seen, Capt. Herriman of the ship Brazilian saw a strange creature astern stretching along the water for thirty feet or more, with its head lifted several feet above the surface and a mane running down the neck. A boat was lowered and the monster was approached with harpoons. It was found to be an immense piece of sea weed, to which the swell caused by the subsidence of a previous gale gave a sinuous snake-like motion. This latter story illustrates the possibilities of optical deception in the case of most conscientious observers. A creature closely resembling the monstrous Ichthyosaurus of antediluvian times was seen in the Gulf of California by Captain George Hope, of H. M. S. Fly. The sea being perfectly calm and of a glass-like transparency he beheld lying on the bottom, a few fathoms down, an enormous animal with the head and general figure of an alligator, except that the neck was vastly longer and, instead of legs, it had four large flappers like a turtle's. It appeared to be pursuing some prey, and moved in serpentine fashion, its body having ring-like divisions. An eminent zoologist has referred to this as the most interesting natural history fact of the present century.



THE GIANT POULP.

That other enormous horror of the sea, the giant octopus, with which Victor Hugo mixed up the great squid, is of the same family with the latter beast—a soft and pulpy monster with eight tentacles of equal length radiating from its central mass and armed with suckers. Its habit is to lurk in some dark cranny in the depths waiting for an unwary victim to venture within reach. With three or four of its mighty arms it clings fast to a rock, while with the remaining tentacles waving, gliding and feeling about in the water it keeps on the alert for prey. A man coming within its reach—and human beings are often its victims—is instantly embraced. Instantaneously as the pull of a trigger the pistons of the hundreds of suckers on the tentacle are simultaneously drawn inward, the air is removed from the pneumatic holders, a vacuum being created in each, and the victim is so completely pinioned that hardly a struggle is possible. Men have been known to cut themselves loose from this death-grip, but the chance is small indeed. Immediately the other tentacles not occupied with clinging to the rock are wrapped about the man, and he is drawn into the close embrace of the poulp, to be torn to pieces by its beak and absorbed.—*Washington Star.*

National Dance of Heligoland.

The Heligolanders are civil, honest, well-behaved folk. The women do not always wear their complete full-dress attire, with the pretty embroidered cap and head-scarf, but the red petticoat,

THE HELIGOLAND NATIONAL DANCE.

with a green stripe at the bottom, is common. Men and women are fond of dancing, for which they assemble in the popular ball room every Sunday evening and other evenings of the week. The national dance, a picture of which is given herewith, is called "Slim Mein Moderken." It is performed by a couple with intertwined arms, clasping hands behind each other's backs, swinging from side to side, while executing with the feet a rapid polka-step, and has a very graceful effect.

Depressing Encouragement.

Boy—"Yer needn't be afraid as long as I hold him."—*Munsey's Weekly.*

The slot machine which has recently had such a run in all catch-penny schemes, was known and used by the Egyptians centuries before the opening of the Christian era. Hero of Alexandria, who lived 200 years before the time of Christ, describes one used for the dispensation of holy water. A coin of five drachmæ dropped into a slot in a vase opened a valve which permitted a few drops of the purifying liquid to escape. Surely there is nothing new under the sun.

The centennial celebration and rededication of the organ in Hain's church, at Wernersville, Berks county, Pa., took place the other day. The organ has been in use 100 years.

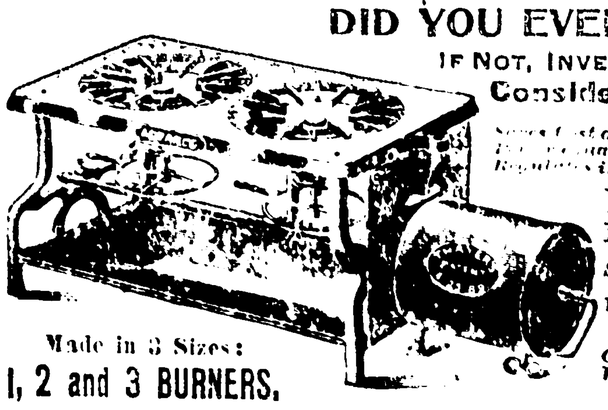
The largest catch of codfish received at Gloucester, Mass., this season, has just been brought in by the schooner Mystery. It weighs 320,000 pounds.

The "Advance" Safety Vapor Stove.

DID YOU EVER SEE ONE?

IF NOT, INVESTIGATE IT AT ONCE.

Consider the Advantages.



Saves fuel over Wood or Coal each year. Equal to Coal Range. Regulates instantly any degree of heat. Low Tank, Potent Pneumatic pressure. No odor or wicks to trim. Pure Flame, Perfect Combustion. Safe as Wood or Coal Stove. Explosion impossible. Will boil 3 qts. water in 7 minutes, and will do 3 times the work of any Oil Stove of equal cost. Will do cooking, baking, and washing for family of 3 to 8 persons as quickly and perfectly as coal or wood stove, with no coal, ashes, litter, dust, smoke or kindlings. For Simplicity, Convenience, and Rapidity of Work it stands without a rival.

Made in 3 Sizes: 1, 2 and 3 BURNERS.

The THAYER OVEN we make is a wonderful accompaniment to our Stove, Compact but immense capacity.

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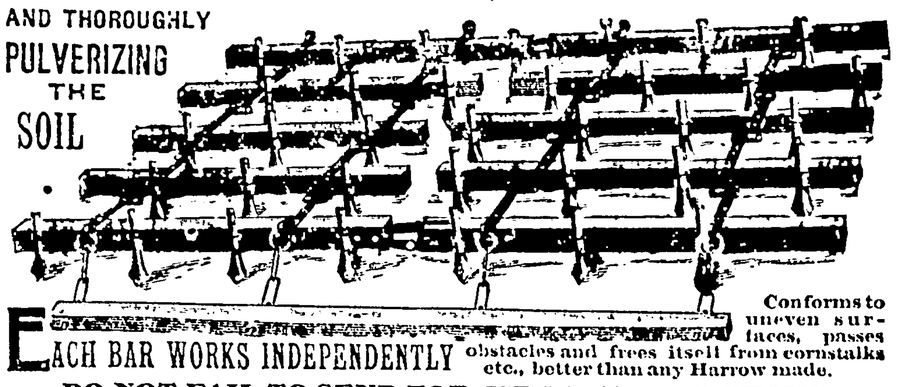
VIBRATOR HARROW.

TRIUMPHS OVER ALL COMPETITORS FOR SIMPLICITY, DURABILITY, AND THOROUGHLY PULVERIZING THE SOIL



EACH BAR WORKS INDEPENDENTLY Conforms to uneven surfaces, passes obstacles and frees itself from cornstalks etc., better than any Harrow made.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEND FOR CIRCULAR AND PRICES.

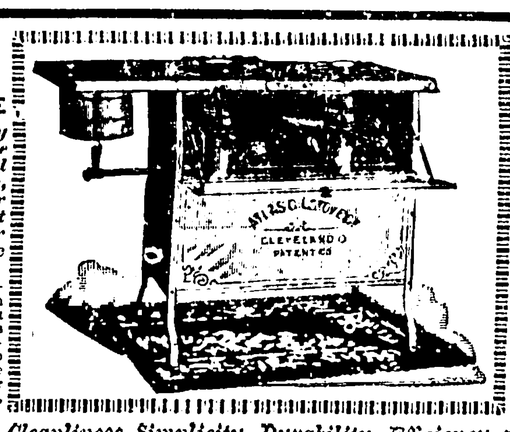
Its construction is unsurpassed; best seasoned oak and oil tempered Bessemer Steel Teeth, Adjustable with ordinary wrench to cut from 2 to 6 inches; adapted to all kinds of work and soils; can be drawn backwards for covering fine seed and smoothing ground.

VIBRATOR HARROW CO., - - NEW CASTLE, PA.

A PERFECT OIL STOVE.

—THE— "ATLAS" OIL STOVE *is an entirely new departure from the old style oil stove, and superior in every respect to any ever placed upon the market.*

Perfectly simple in construction; cannot get out of order; as easily lighted or extinguished as a lamp. No stop cocks; no needle valves, and no danger of leakage or overflow.



ABSOLUTELY SAFE with perfect combustion. Burns a clear, blue alcohol flame in open air with no smoke or odor. Oil fed automatically on same principal as student lamp. Wick does not burn, only feeds oil to burning chamber. Double wall tank, secured at side away from accident.

Gives greater heat at half the expense of any oil or gasoline stove made. Costs from one to two cents per day.

For Safety, Cleanliness, Simplicity, Durability, Efficiency and Economy it has no equal. Don't buy a cooking or heating stove until you see the "ATLAS." Circulars and further information on application to

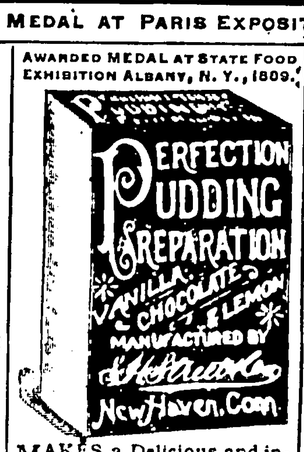
ATLAS MANUFACTURING CO., 251 Arcade Bldg., Euclid Ave., Cleveland, O.

STREET'S PERFECTION FOODS. New Haven, Conn.

AWARDED MEDAL AT PARIS EXPOSITION, 1889.

MAKES best Griddle Cakes possible to produce.

AWARDED MEDAL AT STATE FOOD EXHIBITION ALBANY, N. Y., 1889.



MAKES a Delicious and inexpensive Dessert.

MAKES Breakfast Gems or Muffins that cannot be excelled.

Every Package Guaranteed and if not satisfactory may be returned to Grocer.

ABSOLUTELY WATER-PROOF

O.K. BITUMINOUS BUILDING PAPER

FOR SHEATHING HOUSES.

We call attention to the novelty of its construction, it being composed of two sheets of paper with an interposed layer of water-proof bitumen or asphalt, the whole united under pressure, making a sanitary mildew-proof sheathing for the sides and floors of houses, that will last as long as the building upon which it is applied.

Experience has shown that the cheap papers commonly used for sheathing houses do not protect a building for any length of time, but soon mildew and fall to pieces, making the house drafty and damp; these defects can then only be remedied at great expense.

A Good Sheathing like the O. K. Building Paper, can be obtained at a trifling cost, and it is a waste of money to use an inferior article.

Put up in rolls 36 inches wide, containing 1,000 square feet.

SAMPLE, CIRCULAR AND PRICES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION. MICA ROOFING CO., 73 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK.

The New Oxford Item.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 1, 1889.

A Barn-Burner Arrested.

A special from Gettysburg to the Philadelphia Press says: One of the "barn burners" of this county has been quickly caught. To-day (Wednesday) Levi Herr, tenant on his father's farm in Conewago township, was arrested and held in $2,000 bail to answer the charge of having set fire to his own barn, which was burned on February 19. Previous to the fire a notice was found by him stating that the building would be burned, and upon "searching" he discovered a box containing a partly burnt tallow candle and a black powder.

This substance, when analyzed, was found to contain gunpowder and phosphate, and suspicion at once directed toward Levi Herr himself. The fires in Maryland had been caused by eggs filled with gunpowder and phosphorus, find the ignorance displayed in compounding phosphate with phosphorus immediately revealed the fact that a greenhorn, and not the accomplished Maryland incendiaries, had been the author of the fires. Developments in other directions are expected.

It is said that the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States defining the status of American and foreign parents, will make some of Edison's patents, heretofore regarded as almost worthless, very valuable. It seems his patent on what is known as the system of electrical ditribution by multiple arcs, covers every incandescent electric light plant in the country, as it is impossible to run an incandescent plant on any other principle. This patent was regarded as void from the beginning, because of a previous Italian patent. Now, it is good for a monopoly of the incandescent electric-lighting business of the United States until 1895. Not only does it cover the future, but the past as well, for the company collect whatever royalties they chose from every other company that has used this system durthe past two years.

Maddened by jealousy in seeing his lady love in the Lisburn Meeting-house on Sunday evening with another man William Cromleigh, a well-to-do young farmer, residing near Lisburn, Cumberland county, rushed from the building and deliberately shot himself. The congregation was panic-stricken and about half the people rushed out only to find out only to find the prostrate and bleeding form of the jilted lover. Meanwhile the preacher continued preaching, the young woman, Miss Wiggins, listening all the while attentively.

Cromleigh was taken to a near-by house and a physician summoned. On examination it was found that the bullet entered the left ear lodged in a portion of the temporal bone. Cromliegh was conscious during the night and gave as his only reason for attempting his life that he was a jilted lover. He will die.

The first sentence from this section of the State to the Industrial Reformatory at Huntington was imposed at Chambersburg upon Charles Henderson of Martinsburg, Blair county. Henderson stole a horse six months ago. He has been in jail ever since awaiting the completion of the reformatory.

The opinion of Judge Barnett in the case of the assignees of Peter and Daniel V. Ahl vs. Thomas and Cary W. Ahl, which has been pending for a long time, was handed down in the Common Pleas Court Wednesday evening. This suit has involved large sums of money, and in Judge Barnett's opinion it was decreed that Thomas Ahl pay the costs and fees of the procedure to satisfy a certain mortgage and pay to A. A. Thomson and E. W. Biddle, the assignees of Peter and Daniel V. Ahl, the sum of $10,363.

On the farm of Mr. Jacob Bixler, in Union Township, is a pear tree that is known to be over 80 years old. It stands 42 feet high and measures 7 feet around the trunk. Despite its great age, it flourishes and bears fine crops of fruit every year.

The venerable Father Emig, pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic congregation, Hanover, will shortly celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of his entrance to the Priesthood.

E. C. Flemming, of York, took formal charge of the Central Hotel, Hanover, Thursday.

Some sorghum is still grown in Lancaster county, not for sugar making, but as feed for stock; and the New Era figures that at present prices its wide cultivation would pay.

The Black Pill relieves heart-burn

A PLAIN FACT

Have you pain in the small of the back or hips, sharp pain up the back, at times pain in the head, dizziness, glimmering before the eyes, at times difficult to urinate, at times too free, too clear? If so, remember these are symptoms of Bright's Disease, which can be cured in its first stages, but do not wait until then. Go to J. W. Barnitz's drug store and ask for a free sample bottle of Dr. Burdick's Kidney Cure, which will convince you, Large size, 75c. One bottle lasts two weeks. This is a positive cure for all Kidney or Liver trouble, with a guaranteed sale.

For coughs, colds, sore or weak throats, ask for a free sample of Jackson's Magnum Bonum Cough Syrup, the great throat healer. Large size, 25 cents. Sold by J. W. Barnitz, New Oxford. Sample free.

THE MARKETS.

Corrected Weekly by H. J. Myers

Choice Wheat, longberry		90 @ 93
No. 2,	" "	83 @ 85
Fultz	"	90 @ 93
No. 2,	"	83 @ 85
Raked	"	80 @ 83
Rye,	.....	48 @ 50
Corn,	.....	35 @ 38
Oats,	.....	25 @ 28
Clover Seed,	.....	4 00 @ 4 50
Timothy Seed,	.....	1 25 @ 2 75
Timothy Hay,	.....	11 00 @ 12 00
Rye Straw,	.....	9 00 @ 9 50
Pork,	.....	5 50 @ 6 00

Administrator's Notice.

Joanna Felix's Estate.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Joanna Felix, late of New Oxford Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Oxford township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G. F SMITH, Administrator.

Mar. 1, '89, 6t.

SHEELY & BRO,

AGENTS FOR

Opaque Felt Shading.

It has a superiority over other Shadings for the following reasons:

1st: It is strong and perfectly opaque.
2d: Its texture is rubber-like.
3d: It is soft and pliable.
4th: It will not crack, crease or break.
5th: It will not ravel at the edges.
6th: It is noiseless in operation.
7th: It will not wrinkle or curl.
8th: It can be sewed the same as cloth.
9th: Its appearance, when contrasted with the best cloth curtains, is always in its favor.
10th: It is cheaper and more durable.

Parties needing curtain goods, should not fail to examine these goods before purchasing.

We carry a full line and shall be pleased to sample them at any time.

Yours truly,
SHEELY & BRO.

J. M. MARTIN,

Irishtown, Pa., dealer in

All kinds of Groceries,
Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Syrups,
Spices.

Canned Goods: corn, peas, tomatoes, peaches, oysters.

Dried Fruit: apples, peaches, prunes, blackberries, corn, currants, raisins, figs, dates, etc., etc.

Oranges, apples, rice, hominy, beans, corn starch, buckwheat flour, oat and corn meal, feed, etc.

cheese. soaps.

A comic paper called Crack Shots given with every 10-cent plug of tobacco.

A full line of notions, queens and glassware, etc., for sale.

Public Sale.

Tuesday, March 5th, 1889.

The undersigned agent or attorney-in-fact for the Executrix of the will of the late John Myers, deceased, will sell at his late residence on the road leading from New Oxford to the Carlisle pike, one mile from the former and ½ mile from the latter places, the following personal property:

One pair Kentucky Mules, 8 years old, 7 horses, comprising 1 fine brood mare, with foal, and will work wherever hitched; 2 three-yearling colts, one a stallion sired by 'Fancy Boy;' 2 two-yearling colts bred from Mr. S. L. Witmer's stallion "Eugene;" 2 yearling colts; one bull; all Durham stock; six sheep; six shoats; broad-tread wagon and bed; narrow-tread wagon, one horse wagon, spring wagon and spread, rail rack, set of 20ft. hay carriages, set dung boards, block sled, threshing machine and horse Fitz make with Diehl Bros.' shaker and straw carrier attached, hay rake good as new, hand corn sheller, wheelbarrow, 2 long plows, cultivator, harrow, boring machine and auger, spreader, single and double and triple trees, fifth, log and cow chains, crow bar, axe, mattock, dung hook, four sets front gears, 2 fly-nets, lines, collars, bridles, halters, grass and brier scythes, grain cradle, and many other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, sharp, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

WM. D. MYERS, Agent.

Jacob Heist, Auc.

MARRIED.

Feb. 14, in Gettysburg, Mr. Guy Black, of Mechanicstown, to Miss Maggie E. Byers, of near Emmitsburg.

Feb. 21, by Rev. Dr. Swartz, Mr. Charles A. Blocher to Miss Jennie L. Rupp, both of Gettysburg.

Feb. 21, by Rev. G. W. McSherry, Mr. John M. Briggs, of Biglerville, to Miss Alice M. Spangler, of Butler twp.

Feb. 21, by Rev. D. T. Koser, Mr. Ira P. Taylor, of Arendtsville, to Miss Ida M. Hoffman, of Menallen twp.

DIED.

Deaths free—verses, tributes, &c., 5 cents a line

Feb. 23, after a brief illness of pneumonia, at the residence of nephew, Mr. Francis Brenner, in Oxford twp., Mr. Blasius Gerber, aged about 68 years.

Feb. 18, in Idaville, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Geo. Group, Sr., aged 77 years, 2 months and 18 daps.

Feb. 24, in Gettysburg, Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, aged 92 years and 10 months.

Feb. 19, in Freedom twp., of pneumonia, Mr. James B. Topper, aged 74 years and 10 months.

Feb. 19, in Gettysburg, Carrie May, only daughter of W. J. and Lucy M. Walter, aged 2 years, 8 months and 18 days.

Feb. 23, in Hanover, Mrs. Jane Gitt, wife of Walter F. Gitt, aged about 55 years.

SPECIAL PRICES!

For February Buyers.

We will offer some special inducements in Boots and Shoes during February. We have a large stock of Fall and Winter goods on hand, and from February 1st we will sell them at a great reduction to make room for new goods. These goods must go, and you will have a chance to get some rare Bargains. All sorts of Shoes, Men's fine hand and machine-made goods. Also, Ladies' fine and coarse goods. A full line of Chrildren's Shoes; oil tan goods at 40 and 50 cents a pair. These goods are given away, but we must have room. Come and look at the stock and learn prices. We are closing out a lot of Carlisle Shoes at $1 75 a pair, regular price $2.25.

H. Long & Son,

Bucher's Block, next door to A. N. Michael's Hardware Store, Hanover.

Public Sale.

Tuesday, March 12th, 1889.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale at his residence in Butler township, Adams county, near Plainview Postoffice, ½ mile from Hershey's mill, 3 miles from Hunterstown and two miles Heidlersburg, the following property: Two good mares, with foal, will work wherever hitched; one 2-horse Western wagon, as good as new; 1 reaper & mower combined, 1 land roller, 1 corn plow, two long plows, 1 fork plow, 1 cultivator, one harrow, 1 corn sheller, 1 cutting box, hay rake (Brandt's make), 4 sets front gears, 2 sets heavy harness, collars, bridles, halters, log chains, single and doubletrees, spreaders, grain fan, grain cradle, check lines, 2 flynets, forks, rakes, shovels, mattock, lot old iron, lot of potatoes, barrels, boxes, etc. The articles are are as good as new. Sale to commence at 12, M. Terms by

AMOS LOUGH.

Public Sale.

Monday, March 11th, 1889.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale at his residence at Diehl's Mill, in Oxford township, Adams county, on the York and Gettysburg turnpike, 1 mile west of New Oxford, the following personal property: 5 mules, 4 of them good leaders; 1 yearling colt, sired by Dandy Jim; 2 horses; two milch cows; some shoats; 1 threshers, with separator attachment; horse power and jack; grain fan; 1 sulky corn plow; 1 new mower; 1 Excelsior self-binder, one 4 or 6-horse broad tread wagon, 1 new wagon bed, 1 narrow tread low farm wagon, spring wagon and spread, 1-horse wagon, cart, sulky, 2 hay carriages, corn sheller, spring tooth harrow, spike harrow, circular saw, 4 plows, corn planter, corn forks, shovel plow, land roller, hay fork and pulleys, 1 hay rake, one grain drill, grain cradle, shaking and manure forks, log, cow, breast and butt chains, spreaders, 2 sets breechbands, 4 sets of front gears, spring wagon harness, 6 housens, cross-cut saw, axe, maul and wedges, crowbars, drill and sledge, triple, double and single trees, hay by the ton, corn oats and potatoes by the bushel, lot of ash and walnut lumber, 2 tables, ten-plate stove and pipe, coal stove and pipe, single bedstead, large bedstead, sink, wash stand, 2 mirrors, lard cans, butter churn, meat vessel, barrels, boxes, &c. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. A credit of twelve months will be given on all sums of $5 and up.

CHARLES A. DIEHL.

Geo. L. Colestock Auc.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Daniel Hershey, deceased.—Letters Testamentary on estate of Daniel Hershey, late of New Oxford borough, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same borough, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN HERSHEY, Executor.

G. A. KLINGLE,

—FASHIONABLE—

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Shampooning and dyeing done in the finest styles. Razors honed and put in order at lowest rates. Saloon next door to the ITEM office, Centre Square, NEW OXFORD, PA

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

A Great Cut in Prices!

of Clothing. We have made a big cut in prices this week. Our stock is too large. It must be reduced. We pocket the loss, you the gains.

Men's Working Suits cut down from $5 and $6 to **$3.25**

Young Men's Evening Suits cut down from $7 and $8 to **$5.50**

Men's Worsted Dress Suits all colors, from $10 & $12 to **$7.50**

Men's Heavy Overcoats Cut down from $5 and $6 to **$3.50**

Nice Black Worsted Overcoats Cut down from $8 and $9 to **$6**

Nice Melton Dress Overcoats for men, cut down from $8 & $10 to **$7**

Big Cut in Boys' Suits and Overcoats

Suits, with long pants, from $3.50 up. Overcoats from $2.50 up. Children's Suits and Overcoats, from $1.25 up. All these goods are reliable and worth examining, being our regular stock ☞Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, &c., equally cheap. Neckwear, Mufflers and Silk Umbrellas, all sold way below regular prices, and all first-class goods work double the money. Come and see our stock and you will not be disappointed in the prices.

D. MYERS, The Reliable CLOTHIER.

Andrew Dellone & Bro.'s Old Stand, next to Shirk's Hardware, HANOVER, PA

G. W. WEAVER & SON,

ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR

CARPETS. LACE CURTAINS WINDOW SHADES.
CARPETS. LACE CURTAINS WINDOW SHADES.
CARPETS. LACE CURTAINS WINDOW SHADES.
CARPETS. LACE CURTAINS WINDOW SHADES.

GENERAL LINE OF

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

SELLING OUT! AT COST!

I will sell my entire stock at cost and will give every person a chance to get bargains. CALL EARLY.

Large Stand Lamps,	75c	Canned Peaches,	15c
Large Stand Lamps,	85c	New Crop New Orleans Molasses,	60c
Goblets, per ½ doz.,	23c	Tobacco, per lb.,	25c
Goblets, per ½ doz.	25c	Tobacco, "	27c
Syrups, per gal.,	25c	Tobacco, "	30c
Syrups, per gal.,	30c	Soap reduced to	4c
Syrups, per gal.,	40c	Cattle Powder reduced to	15c
Raisins, per lb.,	4c @ 7c	Coraline reduced to	15c
Canned Peaches,	12c	Coraline reduced to	15c

Mountain Potatoes, ... only 40c.

Spices! Spices!! Spices!!! Big Reduction! Buy your spices now and save money. QUEENSWARE and GLASSWARE AT COST.

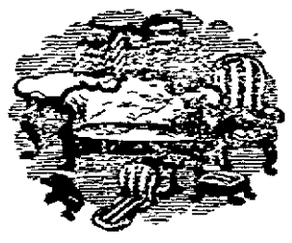
WILLIS TRIMMER

Middle Room Miller's Building, formerly occupied by C. E. Diehl.

CENTRE SQUARE, NEW OXFORD, PA.

Great Bargains In

FURNITURE!



Are now being offered at

P. FEISER'S CHEAP FURNITURE ROOMS,

Phila. St., New Oxford.

My stock of Furniture is very large and complete, embracing all the various styles of

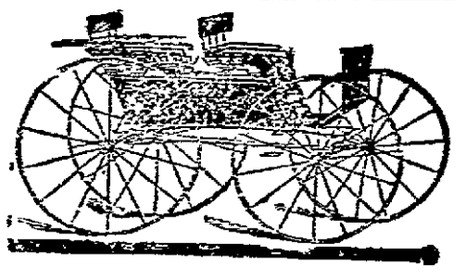
Chamber & Parlor Suits,

Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Lounges, Sofas, Centre, Extension, Dining and Breakfast Tables, Cane and Wood Seat Chairs, Cribs, Cradles, Mattresses, Bed Springs, Etc. Also, a large stock o

Sideboards, Bedsteads,

Corner and Kitchen Cupboards, Sinks &c., of my Own Manufacture. Call and be convinced that I sell bitter goods for less money, than any house in the county. ☞UNDERTAKING a specialty in all its various branches.

1feb89 PETER FEISER.



CARRIAGES & BUGGIES!

BOND & CO.

(Successors to Weaver & Co.,)

Manufacturers of

Light Carriages!

of every description

Every vehicle turned out of our Works is made throughout.—wood work, ironing, trimming, painting, in our own shops, under our own supervision; and we are thus enabled to guarantee full satisfaction in every particular

Top and No Top Buggies. Jump Seats, for 2 and 4 passengers, Extension-Top Phaetons, Brewster Side-Bar Buggies Piano Box Buggies, 2 and 3 Spring Phaetons, Dayton Wagons, &c

We are prepared to do all kinds of repairing such as Painting, Smithing, Trimming, and Wood-work. All work done in the best manner and at reasonable prices. Call and see our stock. BOND & CO., Corner of High and Boston Sts., New Oxford, Pa.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The New Oxford Item.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 12, 1890.

THE PULPIT AND THE STAGE.—Rev. F. M. Shrout, Pastor United Brethren church, Blue Mound, Kan., says "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parishioners thought I could live only a few weeks. I took five bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery and am sound and well, gaining 26 lbs. in weight.

Arthur Love, Manager Love's Funny Folks Combination, writes: "After a thorough trial and convincing evidence, I am confident Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, beats 'em all, and cures when everything else fails. The greatest kindness I can do my many thousand friends is to urge them to try it." Free trial bottles at Dicks' drug store. Regular sizes 50c. and $1 00.

The body of a woman about 30 years of age, was found in the Schuylkill Canal, Reading, Wednesday evening. It is believed that her skull is fractured. An investigation is being made.

THE WONDERFUL TOWER.—The highest strusture in the world is Eiffel Tower. at Paris, 1,000 feet high. But the great discovery of Dr. Franklin Miles is certain to tower far above it in promoting human happiness and health. This wonderful nerve medicine builds up wornout systems, cures fits, spasms, headache, nervous prostration, dizziness, sleeplessness, monthly pains, sexual troubles, etc. Mrs. John R. Miller, of Valparaiso, Ind., and J. D. Taylor, of Logansport, Ind., gained 20 pounds a month while taking it. Finely illustrated treatise on Nervous Diseases and sample bottle of the Restorative Nervine, free at J. W. Dicks', who guarantees it.

Harry Waterhouse, aged 40 years, a moulder, was shot and fatally wounded in Bellefonte during a quarrel by a man who refused to tell his name to the police authorities.

THOUSANDS POISONED.—In a recent work on Heart Disease. Dr. Franklin Miles—the noted specialist—gives many new and startling facts Thousands of people are slowly poisoning themselves, weakening their hearts by the use of coffee, tea, tobacco and alcohol. These are Heart Whips, causing it to beat rapidly. thus gradually wearing it out, producing shortness of breath when exercising, pains in side and shoulder, hungry and faint spells. Finally heart failure and sudden death. For weakened and irritated hearts the press everywhere highly recommend the New Heart Cure discovered by Dr. Franklin Miles, which is for sale at J. W. Dicks'.

An infant child of George Williams, of Womelsdorf Wednesday fell into a tub of boiling water and was so badly scalded that it died in a few hours.

EVERY HOME SHOULD HAVE IT.—It is not always convenient to call a physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a physician always at hand. it kills rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, bruises, and all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

There are few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them, Pan Tina cough and consumption cure has no equal for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 and 50 cents, at Barnitz's drug store.

Hog cholera has within a few days dispatched sixty hogs in Heidelberg and Marion, Berks county, and attacked many animals.

With a feeble appetite and imperfect digestion, it is impossible for the body to secure the requisite amount of nourishment. Ayer's Sarsaparilla not only simulates the desire for food, but aids the assimulative organs in the formation of good blood and sound tissue.

Tom Adams, a colored man, was shot and killed in a difficulty at Warrenton, Ga., Saturday, by W. J. Norris, the white proprietor of the Warrenton Hotel. Negroes threaten vengeance and trouble is feared.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

Chicago is to have another great enterprise, the London and Chicago Contract Corporation, with a capital of $5,000,000, divided into 100,400 shares at $48.70.

If you could see your own scalp through an ordinary magnifying glass, you would be amazed at the amount of dust, dandruff and dead skin thereon accumulated. The best and most popular preparation for cleansing the scalp is Ayer's Hair Vigor.

During a storm at Green Bay, Mich., lightning killed Jacob Bodart and his team of horses and set fire to the barn, which was destroyed with all its contents.

MILES' NERVE & LIVER PILLS.—An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipation. Splendid for men, women children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at Dicks' drug store.

A mortgage for $30,000,000 was filed at Seattle, Wash., on Saturday on the line of the Great Northern and St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railways.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.—The Best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, tetter, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, ulcers, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J W. Dicks.

It is stated that the Portuguese Government is so embarrassed as to be unable to pay the Lisbon postal contractors the sum due since June.

EPOCH.—The transition from long, lingering and painful sickness to robust health marks an epoch in the life the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in the memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully blessed. Hence it is that so much is heard in praise of Electric Bitters. So many feel they owe their restoration to health, to the use of the Great Alterative and Tonic. If you are troubled with any disease of the kidneys, liver and stomach, of long or short standing you will surely find relief by use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50c. and $1 per bottle, at Dicks' drugstore.

The ITEM Job Printing Department turns out handsome work—cheap.

S. Morgan Smith, Sons & Co.'s

Snow Drift Flour!

CHEAPER than the cheapest!

Better than the best!

Has immense sales wherever introduced. Try it! For sale at

O. A. SMITH'S
FAMILY GROCERY,
New Oxford, Pa.

☞ The highest cash will be paid for prime grain, delivered at the mill near East Berlin, Pa.

DRUG —AND— JEWELRY STORE!

N. E. Cor. Diamond, New Oxford.

-J. W. DICKS-

—DEALER IN—

Pure Drugs,
Medicines,
Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Toilet Articles,
Choice Perfumery,
Fancy Goods,
Fine Stationery,
Notions, &c.,
Cigars & Tobacco,
Choice Wines and Liquors,
for medical use only.
Careful Preparation of Prrescriptions our specialty.

Also, Watches, Clocks, Jeweiry, etc., for Sale. Repairing done, and work guaranteed. ☞ All goods in either department warranted as represented.

To the General Public!

J. W. Barnitz,

having purchased the Drug Store from E. G. Cook, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. An entire new stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, Hair Brushes, Fancy Articles, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, &c.,

such as are kept in a first-class drug store. All articles will be sold at reasonable rates.

16 SPLENDID PLANTS FOR blooming, bedding, trailing, foliage, etc.—Vigorous growers—warranted. **$1**

14 WELL KNOWN APPLE TREES Includes BERONI and other valuable sorts. Catalogue of Flowers, Fruits, Seeds, Etc., FREE. **$1.25**

FERN CLIFF GREENHOUSES,
P. O. Box 522. SPRINGFIELD, OHIO.

NEW OXFORD

Flouring Mills!

John Senft, Proprietor.

CHOICE FAMILY ROLLER AND BURR FLOUR! This flour is put up in ¼ and ⅛ obl. sacks, and will make Nicer, Sweeter and More Nutritious Bread than any other flour in the country. For sale in NEW OXFORD by Geo. N. Warner and Z. H Cashman.

All kinds of grinding done at short notice. Bran, chop and all other kinds of feeds for sale at the lowest cash prices. Delivery wagon to New Oxford every Monday and Thursday, Postoffice address NEW OXFORD, PA,

GRAIN —AND— PRODUCE!

Z. H. CASHMAN,
at the Brick Warehouse on Hanover St.,
NEW OXFORD, PA.,
will buy and sell all kinds of

Wheat, Hay Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Bran, Middlings, Chop, &c.; Also
THE BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR,
Coarse and Fine Salt, &c.

Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give him a trial. Free delivery to any part of the borough. ☞ Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday afternoon for Baltimore; returning, leaves Hillen Station every Friday at 4 o'clock, p. m. All orders left with him will receive prompt attention.

GRAIN and PRODUCE.

The undersigned having purchased the Warehouse recently occupied by H. J. Myers, on Pitt street, NEW OXFORD, PA., will buy all kinds grain such as

Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Clover and Timothy Seed, Hay and Srraw.

Will also keep on hand and for sale,
FLOUR AND FEEDS, SALT, &C.

LUMBER AND COAL!

The Lumber and Coal business will be continued as heretofore, with a full stock of all kinds of Lumber and Coal, which will be sold at bottom prices. Thankful for the liberal patronage extended to me in the past, I will endeavor to merita continuance of the same.

A. SHEELY.

THE CELEBRATED

NEW OXFORD ICE CREAM!

The undersigned wishes to announce to the public that he is giving his entire personal attention to the manufacturing of ICE CREAM, having an engine to run his machinery, and with his long and extended experience in the business, is now more fully prepared to furnish

PIC-NICS,
CELEBRATIONS,
RETAILERS and
FAMILIES

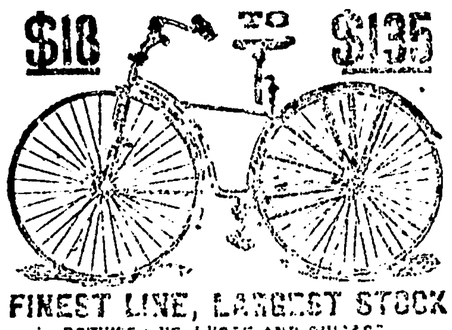
at the shortest notice with the best of ice cream, well packed in ice. Give him a call before ordering elsewhere and learn his SPECIAL RATES.

He returns his thanks to his many patrons and kindly requesting them as well as all others who may become his patrons to return cans and stands as soon as emptied. All Cream guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. BLUE FRONT, on PITT STREET, near the R. R. Depot, NEW OXFORD, Adams county, Pa.

D. J. A. Melhorn.

27 STYLES —OF— BICYCLES

$18 TO $135



FINEST LINE, LARGEST STOCK
BETWEEN NEW YORK AND CHICAGO.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE OR CALL AND SEE OUR MACHINES.

AGENTS WANTED in every town where we are not represented.

THE SECRETT [illegible] TYPE WRITER $15

EVERYBODY'S TYPE WRITER
STANDS AT THE HEAD OF ALL [illegible] MACHINES.
DOES WORK EQUAL TO $100 MACHINE.

Send for Circular. YOU WANT ONE.

STANDARD CYCLE CO., 568 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

PHELPS —CHILLED— PLOWS

Have taken First Prize over all the

LEADING PLOWS
—MANUFACTURED.—

WHAT MORE CAN YOU ASK?

Send to us for Prices, Testimonials, and Illustrated Circular.

OUR GANG PLOWS
For FALLOW or STUBBLE, VINEYARD, HOPS or SMALL FRUIT CULTURE.

DITCHING and SUB-SOIL PLOWS,
Best, Cheapest, and Most Durable.

Enquire of Dealers, or send to us before Purchasing. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to farmers where we have no agents.

Phelps Chilled Plow Works,
PHELPS, N. Y.

AUCTIONEERING!

GEORGE L. COLESTOCK, offers his service to the public as Auctioneer. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice address, NEW CHESTER, Adams county, Pa

G. A. KLINGLE,

—FASHIONABLE—
BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER

Shampooning and dyeing done in the finest styles. Razors honed and put in order at lowest rates Saloon next door to the ITEM office Centre Square, NEW OXFORD, PA.

CARVER & LITTLE,

Merchant Tailors. Ready-made Clothing

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Dry Goods, Notions, Carpets, Feathers, &c, &c.

Full line of Spring Dress Goods, Plaids, Stripes and Plain Shades, Brocade Silk Dress Trimmings in all the leading shades, Gros-grain and Surah Silks in black and all shades. 18 shades Silk Velvet, good quality, at $1.25 a yard. Big assortment of Hamburg Edging and Inserting, many new styles. Best XXX selected Live Geese Feathers. Big lot of CARPETS and Oil Carpets at lowest prices. Rag and Jute Carpets made to order. Job lot of ladies' Jersey Vests at 10 cents each. OUR MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT is better stocked than ever. We have the finest line of Suitings and Trouserings ever shown in Hanover. A first-class Cutter, and good workmen, enables us to guarantee a perfect fit in every case. Examine our stock before buying.

CARVER & LITTLE.
Cor. Broadway and Fountain Sq., HANOVER, PA.

FOR RYE, WHEAT, GRASS

And Permanent

Pure ANIMAL BONE, Dissolved ANIMAL BONE, and ANIMAL BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

Valuable Circulars and Samples Free on application,

JOSHUA HORNER, JR., & CO., Bowly's Wharf And Wood St. **Baltimore, Md.**

ALWAYS IN RED BAGS.

—POWELL'S— RED BAG FERTILIZER

☞ A First-class Fertilizer, containing PLANT FOOD in a concentrated form, which not only produces large crops, but permanently improves the land. Descriptive pamphlet free.

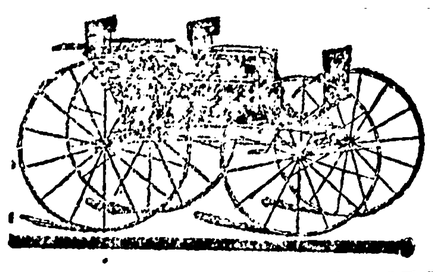
AGENTS WANTED.

W. S. POWELL, FERTILIZER MANUFACTURER,
And dealer in all kinds of Fertilizer Material.
—BALTIMORE, MD.—

J. M. MARTIN,

IRISHTOWN, PA.,
—DEALER IN—

All kinds of groceries, sugars, teas, coffees, syrups, spices.
Canned goods: corn, peas, tomatoes, peaches, oysters.
Dried Fruit: apples, peaches, prunes, blackberries, corn, currants, raisins, figs, daates, etc
Oranges, apples, rice, hominy, beans, corn starch, buckwheat flour, oat and corn meal, feed, etc., etc.
Cheese, soaps, a full line of notions, toys, fancy goods, queensware, glassware, etc., etc., etc.



CARRIAGES & BUGGIES!

BOND & CO.

(successors to Weaver & Co.,)
Manufacturers of

Light Carriages!

of every description.

Every vehicle turned out of our Works is made throughout,—wood work, ironing, trimming, painting, in our own shops, under our own supervision; and we are thus enabled to guarantee full satisfaction in every particular Top and No Top Buggies, Jump Seats, for and 4 passengers, Extension-Top Phaetons, Brewster Side-bar Buggies Plang Box Buggies, 2 and 3 pring Phaetons, Dayton Wagons, &c

We are prepared to do all kinds of repairing such as Painting, Smithing, Trimming, and Wood-work. All work done in the best manner and at reasonable prices. Call and see our stock. BOND & CO., Corner of High and Bolton Sts., New Oxford, Pa.

—GO TO—

John H. Nau

Littlestown, Pa., for your

TOMBSTONES

As my business has been greatly increased on account of my cheap and substantial work, I have been compelled to get additional hands who are killed in fine work. I am at all times prepared to furnish the most beautiful

Monuments, Tombstones, Lintels, Door Sills, &c., at Bargains.

My work extends all through Carroll and Frederick counties, Md., and Adams and York counties, Pa. I guarantee my prices and work to suit all persons making purchases from me. Call and examine and satisfy yourself. All orders promptly attended to. Work delivered free of charge. Yards on Frederick street, Littlestown, Pa.

25 Cts. will pay for the ITEM for for three months. Send in your names. All the latest new

"STANDARD" ROTARY SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE!

RADICAL DEPARTURE FROM OLD STYLE MACHINES.

Shuttle Wheel-Shaped. Shuttle moves continuously in one direction.

FRICTION NEARLY ABOLISHED. Runs one-half faster with same motion of foot.

Runs One-Half Easier. Makes less than one-half the noise.

The "Standard" is not classed with the so-called "cheap" machines. It is the **FINEST OF THE FINE!** We are obliged to ask a corresponding price. **BUT** It is cheaper at double the price asked for the old style machines than they are. It is true economy to **BUY THE BEST!**

Rotary Motion is the Only True Method of Driving a Sewing Machine. Be not Behind the Times, but call on our agent and examine the "STANDARD," or send to us for circulars, etc.

CHARLES C. EMMONS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Gen'l Agt. for Western Pennsylvania and Western Maryland.

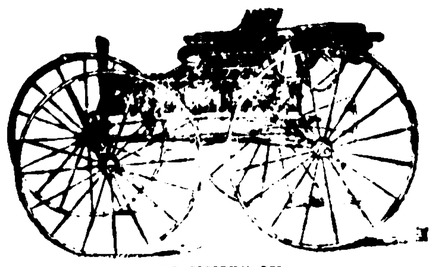
BEST COUGH MEDICINE,

Piso's CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION immediately. By Druggists. 25 cents.

NEW OXFORD COACH FACTORY!

JOS. H. LAWRENCE, Proprietor.



—ALL KINDS OF—

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

always on hand or built at short notice. Every vehicle manufactured is made throughout in my own shops, by competent mechanics, every one of whom has served a regular apprenticeship at his trade; I am thus enabled to guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

—REPAIRING—

of all kinds done promptly, at reasonable prices Works and office on Hanover street, New Oxford, Pa. JOS. H. LAWRENCE.

Subscribe for the ITEM, only $1.

The New Oxford Item.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

BY H. I. SMITH.

TERMS—ONE DOLLAR per annum in advance.—ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—large reductions to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest table or card to the largest hand-bill or poster—done with dispatch, at the lowest rates.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 1, 1889.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

The prohibitory amendment is being discussed on every side.

A Harrisburg man has purchased Markley's Idaville store.

No attempt was made to fire Mr. Flickinger's barn, near this place.

Smoke-house apples sold at Arendtsville, last week at 20 cents a bushel.

The State Fair will be held at Philadelphia, September 25 to October 9.

J. W. Musselman has been appointed Postmaster at Fairfield, Adams county.

Raymond Hantz, of Hampton, fell and broke an arm whilst skating on Brown's dam.

S. S. W. Hammers, Esq., has opened a general store at Marsh Creek Woolen Mills.

Samuel Hall, of Buchanan Valley, shot a wild cat last week, the second for this season.

For threatening to brain a woman with a base ball bat a Newville colored man is under bond.

Mr. Jacob Smith, near town, on Wednesday Killed a 7-months-old hog that weighed 255 pounds.

A Camp of P. O. S. of A. will be organized in Gettysburg, next Thursday evening, with about fifty members.

Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, Arnica Oil Liniment and Downs' Elixior for sale at Dicks' drug store.

Negotiations are on foot to add a ladder truck with Babcock extinguishers to the Gettysburg fire department.

The W. M. R. R. is having cattle yards fenced off with complete arrangments for loading cattle, at Gettysburg.

A Mercersburg gentleman slaughtered a hog that weighed 624 pounds, and also made a sausage measuring 89 feet.

Under the constitution, if the prohibition amendment is defeated, it can not be submitted again within a period of five years.

The barn of Casper Kauffman, in Bucks county, was burned last week, and 17 head of cattle and 4 horses perished in the flames.

We wish to call attention to our Superior Quality of Spring Weight Stokinette Jackets.

G. W. WEAVER & SON.

James Carey, of Goldenville, whilst assisting his brother in chopping wood last week, was struck by a branch of a falling tree and was badly bruised.

Dropping out of the hair, with itching of the scalp, prevented, and the scalp made cool and healthy by the use of Hall's Sicillian Hair Renewer.

Rev. Wm. L. Leisher, of the Gettysburg Theological Seminary, has received and accepted a call to the Lutheran congregation at Plainfield, Cumberland county.

The Gettysburg Truth says Mrs. Koser, of Biglerville, a highly respected old widow lady, went out doors recently, and slipping fell, fracturing her arm in two places.

E. Moritz, near Orrtanna, recently cut his foot badly while cutting wood, and now has something like gangrene. He is too weak to stand amputation, and is not expected to recover.

Miss Dora M. Smith, of Butler township, is a successful culturer of the silk worm. She has now about 200,000 silk worm eggs on hand and has quite a large trade with various silk manufacturers.

The employes of the Frick works, Waynesboro, have presented a purse of $111 to Mrs. Fitz, the widow of Daniel Fitz, who was killed by a fall from a scaffold at the works some days ago.

One night last week some villian entered the blacksmith shop of Thrush, Perlett & Stough in Shippensburg, and damaged the bellows by cutting holes in them.

Persons wishing to improve their memories or strengthen their power of attention should send to Prof. Loisette, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y., for his prospectus post free, as advertised in another column. 2-22-4t.

W. T. Ziegler, of Gettysburg and Jacob Kitzmiller, of Freedom, represented the encampment of the Veteran League of Gettysburg, in the National Encampment which met at Altoona on Friday.

Two thousand dozen pairs of stockings have been shipped from the Gettysburg Hosiery and knitting factory, within the past few days. For the want of space the Company will immediately erect an additional building 25x40 feet.

The iron foot bridge across Marsh creek, between Freedom and Cumberland townships, at Null's, broke down last week. One young man was painfully injured and another much bruised.

The drawer of Mr. J. T. Arnold's store, in Liberty township, was robbed on Saturday evening week of $14 in money. The thief entered by breaking a window whilst the family were at supper.

A famous Washington gambler, it is said, will soon go to preaching. He would have begun it ten years ago, but he has only just now found a cure for his cough. It is Dr. Bull's cough syrup.

"Behold! the world rests and her tired inhabitants have paused from trouble and turmoil, because the customary headache and neuralgia have been cured by Salvation Oil. Price 25 cents a bottle.

John Carty was killed at the Hagerstown fair last year by a baloon pole. A verdict of $2,358.33 damages against the fair association has just been awarded the young man's father.

Hiram W. Trostle, an Arendtsville merchant, received a notice to remove his goods and advising him to sell on credit, before Feb. 22, as his store would burn. No attempt was made to fire it.

An Arendtsville correspondent says: The mail route from here has been changed to Biglerville twice a day except Sundays instead of once a day to Gettysburg as it is now. The change will take effect July 1.

We will open on March 1st, thirty-two styles of the celebrated Faille du Nord Ginghams — guaranteed fast — styles copied from the high priced, French goods.

G. W. WEAVER & SON,
Gettysburg, Pa.

The authorities of Chambersburg are talking of increasing the facilities of their water supply. An estimate of a new reservoir to hold four million gallons places the cost at $17,000 and a duplicate of the present pumping apparatus at between $4,000 and $5,000.

Raising flax is a much more profitable crop than wheat. An Adams county farmer last season raised 23 bushels per acre for which he received $1.40 per bushel. It is not more exhaustive to the soil than an oats crop.

The fifth session of the Abbottstown Teachers' Normal School will open on April 15th. All who wish to get a good, practical education should write to Prof. J. W. Thoman, Principal, for terms and free catalogue.

The lamp given away by J. M. Martin, grocer, Irishtown, to the person guessing the number of beans in a jar was won by Master Stan. Lawrence. The number of beans was 2659, and his guess 2642. There were 737 guesses made.

At a hearing before Justice H. A. T. Strohm, of Jacksonville, last Friday, says the Newville Times, a defendant in a case for profanity of 25 oaths, was fined by said justice, $16.75 and costs of suit, in all $18.60; which defendand paid.

The Newville School Board has recently adopted a new order of dismissal of the schools at each session. At the stroke of the bell all the doors in the building are thrown open, the schollars fall into line, and each school marches out to the music of the organ not breaking rank till the side-walk is reached.

By a recent decision of the Supreme Court, the property owner and not the city, town or borough is liable for damages occurring to pedestrians from defective sidewalks. The only apprehension in this connection will be in the carelessness that may be shown by borough officials in the work of notifying the owner and ordering the repair of bad sidewalks. At any rate, the decision will suggest to the general public where suits for damages must begin.

NEW YORK, March 20, 1886.—Sometime ago Mr. Ephraim Hiteshew, of Chambersburg, gave me a box of your "Black Pills." I used them and they seemed to act like a charm. Enclosed find $1.00 for which please send me pills. GEO. B. ANDERSON.

While Chas. Sarbaugh, of Hanover was handling a revolver the other day it was accidentally discharged and ball entered the fleshy part of his left arm. It is a painful though not serious wound.

A Littlestown correspondent writes: Late Saturday night W. F. Crouse's smoke house took fire from a barrel of hot ashes, but was discovered in time to prevent a serious conflagration, as for an entire square the buildings are almost against each other and all wooden buildings.

Last Saturday the grand jury of Frederick county finished their work and asked to be discharged, but Judge McSherry stated "that owing to the lawlessness on the borders of the county (barn burning) he would not discharge them but would allow them to adjourn, subject to call if needed."

E. F. Diehl, a sturdy son of the State which gave us a Harrison, is visiting friends here—now the guest of his mother, Mrs. Leah Diehl, on Pitt street. He will take in the inaugaration on Monday.

Miss Vergie Marshall, of near town left on Monday to attend school at St. Joseph's Academy at McSherrystown.

A Fairfield correspondent writes: On Saturday last Harry Myers, who lives with Peter Musselman, went out to the wagon shed to shoot a cat. He left, as he supposed, Mr. M. at the house; but in the meantime the latter came out and was on the other side of the shed when Harry shot at the cat. The ball passed through under the shed and struck Mr. M. on the leg above the knee, inflicting a painful injury.

The case of Edward J. Mulhorn, of Hanover, who was sent to the penitentiary last summer after being convicted of the charge of bigamy, was heard before the Board of Pardons at Harrisburg last Thursday and he was recommended for pardon. The case then went to the Governor, who on Tuesday issued the pardon and he was released.

The Star says the Farmer's last week discussed the keeping of poultry, which was generally admitted to have more money in it than any other one branch of production. The market for it is sure and prices remunerative. Risks of disease are not considerable; the period requiring special care is of short duration; the period requiring special is of short duration; the expense during it is light; and the price received is nearly all profit.

He is a fool. We mean the man, who lets his baby cry all night in the arms of its mother, and does not sleep a wink, when Dr. Bull's baby syrup will quiet the baby by relieving its pain; a bottle costing only 25 cents. Sold by all druggists.

Keep your digestive apparatus in good running order with an occasional dose of Laxador and you will never have to lay up for "general repairs." It regulates the bowels and purifies the blood.

An East Berlin correspondent says: Hon. A. W. Storm, of this place, got notice that his barn would be burned, but did not say which one, as he has two barns, one in town and the one on his farm; but Peter Hoffman, the tenant, with the assistance of his neighbors cleaned the latter out, so that if the torch is applied there is nothing to burn but the building.

Mr. Nicodemus has purchased a farm west of Waynesboro, of which he is planting one hundred and twenty-five acres in peaches, and Mr. Stover has one on the east side of the town of which one hundred and twenty acres will be in peaches, onehalf of this acreage having been planted a year ago. This purchase of valley lands by growers of practical experience and the extensive scale upon which they are planting naturally inspires confidence in others, and the percentage of increase in peach culture this year is very great.

NEW OXFORD ENTERPRISE.—The well known and popular druggist, J. W. Barnitz has taken the agency for Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator which he recommends for the quick cure of dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, and all blood troubles. Trial bottles free.

The P. O. S. of A. will institute a camp at Gettysburg on Friday evening, March 8th, with over 50 charter members. The historical place of Gettysburg has come in line at last, long may her colors float and wave over the grand old town whose memory has been made immortal by the patriotism shown by the boys in Blue, twenty odd years ago. It is expected that Washington camp 328, of Hanover, will run a train to Gettysburg for the accommodation of all who desire to be present at the institution. Let all the boys go and help to kindle another camp fire in old Adams. D. P.

There was great excitement in McSherrystown last Thursday by the finding of a note addressed to "Do. Smith," and reading "Dominick Smith, remove all from your house and barn; they will be burnt before Saturday next at 4." Mr. Smith, assisted by his neighbors, removed everything from his barn, but found nothing suspicious. A citizens' meeting was called, and a night watch arranged for. The hand suction engine belonging to Hanover was taken out to McSherrystown, with a quantity of hose, and put in order for service. No fire has yet taken place.

The Comet says: Geo. D. Wagner, of Round Hill discovered a tramp hid in his barn one afternoon last week, and upon solicitation gave him permission to remain there all night. The evening of the following day he discovered that he was still in his hole in the straw and not having seen his guest yet ordered him to crawl out and exhibit himself. Mr. Tramp begged for permission to remain where he was but Mr. W. compelled him to come out, when he discovered two of his coats on the man and a hatchet in one pocket. What he was up to remains a mystery. He was well dressed and a respectable looking man.

The Herald says: In spite of all the rumors, we firmly believe property in this county is as safe from fire by accident or design, to-day, as it was a year ago, save and except only the increased risk caused by the excitement itself, in suggesting and stimulating crime. There is no reason to believe that any secret organization exists for the purpose of crime, nor that the barns burned and notices received in this section have any more connection with the fires in Manheim township, than the fraudulent "White Cap" notices of this section have with the genuine ones of the West. The fires in Manheim and that neighborhood have caused excitement in that locality, and those who fire barns there have no reason to go to any great distance from home for a similar purpose. The notices received in this vicinity and the barn burned here, we believe are the crimes of people living here, and not the work of strangers from abroad. Competent detectives can run down the criminals, and their services should be engaged at once.

DON'T STAND THAT PAIN.—It don't do to neglect nature's warning, aches through the system cause rheumatism neuralgia, backache and pain in the side, a prompt and safe remedy is required, Red Flag Oil the famous pain cure fills the bill. Price 25 cents.

Are you consumptive or do you suffer with a cough of cold, if so use Puritan cough and consumption cure. Price 25 cents. At Barnitz's drug store.

Warehouse Burned.

About midnight Friday the frame warehouse of Mr. L. A. Bushman, at Round-Top station on the G. & H. Railroad, was totally destroyed by fire with all its contents, consisting of about 100 bushels of clover-seed, 1,000 of oats, 50 of wheat, besides a lot of corn, rye, 5 or 6 tons of bran, and other articles. The origin of the fire is a mystery but supposed to be incendiary, as there had not been fire in the building for weeks, the store and Post Office formerly kept there having been removed to Mr. Bushman's residence some months ago. Mr. J. Rosensteel, who lives quite near, says that about half-past eleven o'clock, before he had gotten to sleep, he and his family heard an explosion and in a few moments the building was on fire. Mr. R. dressed hastily and hurried to the scene to find it impossible to enter the warehouse or to save anything. Other neighbors also heard the explosion. Two cars standing on the track alongside with the stone for two Pennsylvania monuments, which the Reygate Company will erect on Little Round-Top, were pushed away just in time to save them. Mr. Bushman has $1,800 insurance in the Liberty and Independent Company, $1,000 on building and $800 on contents, and in the Adams County $500 on contents.—Compiler.

Council Proceedings.

A special meeting of the Town Council was called to order Monday evening at 7 o'clock, in the council chamber, by the Burgess, with all the members present.

Burgess Diehl stated that the meeting was called to hear the report of committees and for the transaction of other business, as well as a final settlement of the past year.

The collector of Borough tax, Mr. Martin Heltzel, was on hand and ready for a final settlement.

The collector was exonerated from the collection of tax from the following persons: Thos. Brown, 23c.; Frank Billman, 23c.; Harry Coleman, 23c.; Benj. Chronister, 23c; Peter Getz, 23c.; Frank Grimm, 15c.; E. Herman, 23c.; Geo. Hershey, 59c.; Chas. Staub, 23c.; J. C. Lawrence, 23c.; J. M. Lightner 23c.; Stanley Myers, 23c.; R. B. Myers, 23c.; Clinton Pottorff, 23c.; Harry Rudisill, 30c.; W. H. Weaver, 38c.; J. J. Clapsaddle, 15c.; Wm. Melhorn, 15c. Total, $4.93.

A full and complete statement will appear in the annual statement which is forthcoming and ready for the Auditors in a few days.

Bills to the amount of $129.72 were ordered to be paid.

On motion, adjourned to meet on Monday evening March 4th, at 6½ o'clock. Attest, JOS. S. GIRT, Sec'y.

Barn Burned.

At half-past 7 o'clock Monday evening the barn of Mr. Henry Hankey, south of Emmitsburg, was consumed but no stock burned. He had notice that the barn would be burned in 8 or 10 days.

Public Sales.

Bills for the following sales have been or will be printed at this office:

March 5, Wm. D. Myers, Agt., Hamilton twp., farm stock and implements.

March 8, '89, L. A. Kohler, Mt. Pleasant township, live stock. Geo. Colestock, Auc.

March 9, Charles Strasbaugh, Mt. Pleasant township, stock, etc. Geo. Colestock, Auc.

Saturday, March 9th, Lewis Noel, at Irishtown, Oxford twp., horse cows, &c.

March 14, Mrs. Lydia Wolf, Berwick twp., near Walnut Grove School house, stock, farm implements, furniture, &c. J. Heist, Auct.

March 11, Chas. A. Diehl, Oxford township, farm stock and implements.

March 18, Daniel Minter, Mountpleasant twp., farm stock, etc.

March 12th, Amos Lough, Butler twp., farming implements, etc. Colestock, Auct.

March 13th, John Mowry, on farm in Hamilton twp., stock, farm implements, etc.

March 15, Geo. L. Colestock, Butler twp., horses, cows, farm implements, &c.

March 16th, C. D. Taughinbaugh, near New Chester, farm stock and implements.

March 19, Clem Sneeringer, one-fourth of a mile East of Conewago Chapel, Conowago twp., horses, cattle, farming implements, &c.

March 6th John Harbold, horses, cows, etc., ½ mile from New Chester.

March 22, Aaron and Wm. Wolf, Executors of estate of Samuel Wolf, Hamilton twp., horse, cows, &c.

DAY'S HORSE POWDER

Prevents Lung Fever!

Cures Distemper, Heaves, Glanders, Loss of Appetite, Founder, Fevers, &c. 1 lb. in each package. Sold by all dealers.

DR. BULL'S BABY SYRUP

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NOTICE.

In pursuance of the Third Article of the Constitution the lot holders of the New Oxford Cemetery Association are notified there will be a meeting on Saturday, March 16th, 1889, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the room of Wm. D. Hamer, formerly the Postoffice room, at which time the President and Managers will present their annual report, after which an election will be held to elect a President and four Managers for the ensuing year.

A. C. DIEHL, Sec'y.

New Oxford, March 1, 1889.

25,000 CARPENTERS now use our NEW FILER to file all kinds of saws so that they will cut better than ever. Price, $2.50. Circulars and prices to agents. Address, L. ROTH & BRO., New Oxford, Pa. 14apr82tr.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

During the year 1888 nearly 700 persons disappeared in Philadelphia, a large percentage of whom were never heard of.

There were a greater number of lynchings in this country last year than there had been in any previous year since 1880, except 1884.

The New York *Herald* doubts if it is good policy for any American tourist to go to Cuba, as lawlessness is rife and Americans are hated.

The City of Mexico is full of tramps, and the anti-American papers satirically refer to them as "prominent Americans visiting the Capital."

The Cleveland *Plain Dealer* is prepared to see spectacle makers grow rich out of the next generation, as so many school children are obliged to wear glasses.

Russia built a railway especially to secure the trade of Persia, and is now excessively angry with that country for opening the river Karun to trade, by means of which other foreign nations will be enabled to compete with the Russians.

The Bermuda Islands are at last to be connected by telegraph with the remainder of civilization. A line from there to Halifax, 750 miles in length, will be begun in the spring, and the British Government will pay a subsidy of $60,000 per year.

The Chinese Immigration Bureau of San Francisco, which has for a long time been doing a large business evading the law and helping Mongolians to land in this country, has finally shut up shop. It would seem, infers the Chicago *News*, as though the chinks in the fence had finally been stopped up.

It has been noted in the Chicago *Times* as a strange coincidence that Ellis Phelan, an ex-Confederate soldier, was elected Judge of Probate in Waterbury, Conn., at the last election, and on the same day a Union veteran was chosen a member of the Alabama Legislature in the same district where Phelan formerly lived.

A recent judicial ruling upon the question, When is a man drunk, is: "When consciousness becomes modified in any degree whatever through the influence of alcohol, and when, or as long as, no exercise of independent nervous force is adequate to restore it to a normal state, the man so affected is drunk."

With the first of this year Germany abandoned the old pound weight and adopted the metric system in its entirety. America, which set the example of the metric system in her decimal coinage, still lingers behind, says the New York *Telegram*, in adopting this convenient and logical progression of weights and measures.

Cremation societies are being augmented in this country by women of the better class, who are joining them rapidly. In New York, Brooklyn and Boston particularly there are a great many well-known women enrolled among the cremationists, and the movement is endorsed by a still greater number who have not taken pains to become members.

The Michigan cattle breeders propose to ask the Legislature to enact that all meat supplied to State institutions shall be from animals fattened and killed in Michigan. They also ask for a meat inspection law, which shall provide that all cattle killed for consumption within towns of more than 3000 inhabitants shall first have been inspected alive and on foot.

During 1888 the number of failures in the United States was 10,500, against 9740 in 1887. But the aggregate liabilities of the parties failing in 1888, where about ten per cent. less than in 1887, while the aggregate assets of the failing traders are only four per cent. smaller. This gain in the ratio of assets certainly "indicates increased healthfulness in commercial conditions," as a leading authority on the subject puts it.

The livery of the coachman of Count d'Arco Valley, the German Minister at Washington, is creating a sensation in that city. Gold and lace seem to be the principal part of it. A double row of silk buttons runs down the front, while rows of gilt cord are swung across the breast and fastened upon the right side, from which depends a sword. The tall blue hat is decorated with a plume and cockade of German colors. No one seems to know what the sword is for, unless it is to "cut behind" at the small boys, whose republican irreverence causes them to "steal a ride" on the gorgeous equipage.

THE MILL-WHEEL'S SONG.

Round and round the mill wheel goes,
From early morn till night:
The mill-stream turns it as it flows,
And then runs out of sight.
But there the old mill-wheel remains,
And lets the mill-stream run,
And if it shines, or if it rains,
It sings, at set of sun:

Drip, drip, drip, drip, drip, drip, drip,
Many a wave from off of me will bear a gallant ship!
Drip, drip, drip, drip, drip, drip, drip,
But for me the miller in the tavern could not sip!

Round and round I cannot go
When the bleak winter comes,
And wind and snow do bravely blow;
And when the brown bee hums,
I hear the children laugh and play,
I hear the crackling corn.
And merrily, all through the day,
The gay wind blows his horn:

Turn, turn, turn, turn, turn, turn, turn,
I make the fires in the cots upon the hill-side burn!
Turn, turn, turn, turn, turn, turn, turn,
When man is older than the world he need not live to learn!

Round and round I gaily turn
From spring till autum flies;
My humble role I do not spurn,
Nor pass my life in sighs.
I do the very best I can,
And try to be content;
And, since my modest life began,
I've sung, when day was spent:

Swish, swish, swish, swish, swish, swish, swish,
I clothe the good wives' children and fill the good wives' dish!
Swish, swish, swish, swish, swish, swish, swish,
The corn I crack pays for the good wives' meat and bread and fish!

Round and round I do not pass
When long days go to sleep;
Not when the lads have each a lass,
As down the road they creep!
I sometimes catch the whispers low,
And sometimes catch a kiss,
As by the old red mill they go—
Next day I sing like this:

Dash, dash, dash, dash, dash, dash, dash,
Gayly now I turn the yellow corn to yellow cash!
Dash, dash, dash, dash, dash, dash, dash,
Just listen to the song I sing as waters from me splash!

—*John E. McCann, in Once a Week.*

WHITE AGAINST RED.

Directly following the close of the Indian campaign in which the gallant Custer lost his life, there was a year of dangerous peace on the frontiers. I mean by that that while the redskins were supposed to have been thrashed into submission, and while they were apparently at peace, they lost no opportunity to murder helpless people. The whites were bound by honor to observe the peace and to trust them to a certain limit, and, knowing this, the more dissatisfied bucks took every advantage.

I was still in the employ of the Government as a scout and rider, and it was my luck to bring about the capture of four bucks who were guilty of murdering an old man. They were awaiting trial, when a young warrior named Black Serpent, who was the son of one of the arrested men, sent me word that he would have my life in revenge. I was stationed at Fort Hays, and he sent word in by a trader. Black Serpent was an Apache, and was described to me as being about twenty-three years of age, strong, fleet, and as cunning as a fox. I did not know him by sight, while he doubtless had the advantage of knowing me. In two or three instances when such messages have been brought in they were accompanied by the further information that the sender would be at a certain place at a certain hour. The recipient had his choice to show up and kill or be killed in a fair exchange of shots, or return the message in contempt, and take his chances of being assassinated. Black Serpent gave me no alternative. He meant to catch me off my guard and kill me.

While it wasn't very pleasant to have such a threat hanging over a man, I did not worry much about it. Indeed, it was the habit of every scout to take all possible precautions anyhow. I simply felt that I had the right, he having sent me the message, to shoot the young buck on sight, and as for what he was going to do, I left that all to him.

About a week later I was called upon to make a ride of about seventy miles to a camp on the Smoky Hill stage route, and as I was ready to set out several of my friends came to me and cautioned me to look out for Black Serpent, who had been seen the day before about ten miles from the fort and directly on the route I should travel. According to the terms of surrender he should have been under supervision at the agency, dishorsed and disarmed, but here he was, galloping about on a war pony, armed with a Winchester and a navy revolver, and lying in wait to do murder. I was as ready as I could be to encounter him. I had the same firearms and a splendid horse, and unless he ambushed me he would have no odds in his favor.

So far as animal cunning goes the American Indian has no superior on earth. He is quick of ear and vision, keen to take in a situation, and he reasons pretty well up to a certain point. Novelists have, however, elevated him too high. A white man who has been trained in the Indian country can see, hear or smell just as keenly, run just as fast, shoot better, go without food and water just as long, and when it comes to "figuring" he can beat the sharpest redskin by a length. I don't say this because I had to figure against Black Serpent, but because I have seen it proved in fifty instances. When an Indian plots against a white man he plots something to be executed under cover of darkness. While my route lay over a lonely and broken country, small detachments of soldiers were shifting about, and I reasoned that Black Serpent would hardly take the chances of an ambush. The report of his gun might be heard, or he might miss me in shooting, or he might be seen in the locality of the deed and suspected of it. While he would have an opportunity at every mile of the journey to shoot at me from behind rock, or bush, or ridge, I rode along without special vigilance, arguing for reasons above given, that he would not dare to do it.

It was 1 o'clock in the afternoon before I knew that he was on my trail. As I rose a ridge I caught sight of him about a mile away, but my observation was so slyly made that he could not say I had detected him. He had been concealed in a gully about five miles back. I learned afterward that a half breed who hung about the fort had told him that I would probably be sent off in that direction, and that he had been encamped in the gully for three days and watching for me. Black Serpent was doing just as I reasoned he would—waiting for night. I intended to make an easy journey of it by riding about forty miles and camping for the night. He knew this would be the way of it, and he had no intention of attacking me during daylight.

I kept on at the same steady pace during the afternoon, halting twice to water my horse. Three times during the afternoon I got sly peeps of my pursuer, who kept at a respectful distance, and doubtless chuckled to himself at the thought of being on my trail and unsuspected. I had to make what is called a "dry camp." That is, with no water at hand. There was scant herbage for my horse, but I knew he would not wander far, and that no Indian living could stampede him or ride him away. I knew from the actions of the animal as soon as I dismounted that there was another horse near by, but I built a fire and toasted my meat, and had enough water in my canteen to make a cup of coffee.

Black Serpent would not be in a hurry. When an Indian is trailing you he likes to enjoy his triumph. He plays with you as a cat does with a mouse. Ten o'clock would be soon enough for him, and I sat in plain view of my fire smoking until after 9. Then I smothered the blaze for five minutes, and during this interval rigged up my blankets to make a "dummy." When I retreated into the darkness and looked back, the figure was good enough to deceive anybody. Black Serpent would not approach on my trail but from exactly the opposite direction, and I crept away in the darkness until I was fifty feet from the fire.

It was, as near as I could figure it about an hour when the young buck came creeping up from the direction anticipated. I'll give him credit for passing over the ground as noiselessly as a rabbit could have moved. He had left his rifle behind, calculating to use his knife on me. He was all of twenty minutes creeping his last twenty feet, and I sometimes doubted if my eyesight had not deceived me. He was within six feet of the dummy before he detected it, and then he sprang high in the air and uttered his death-whoop, knowing that I was laying for him. He came down in a heap at the crack of my rifle, and he was dead when I got to him. I kept his entire outfit, sending word to his friends what had happened, and that I held myself answerable to them, but no one troubled me about it, even to lay claim to any of the property.

A year later, when things generally were more settled, but with dissatisfied bucks breaking away from the agencies at intervals to make raids, an Indian quarter breed stole some things from Fort Larned, and I run him down and captured him. He was imprisoned for several weeks, and some of his buck friends declared that I should pay for the "indignity" with my life. It was honorable enough in their eyes to steal, but a great indignity to pay the penalty of thieving. The three bucks whom I had to fear were called Red Earth, Half Moon, and Cloudy Day. They drew rations at the agency, and were supposed to live within the limits, but as a matter of fact were prowling over the country most of the time and ripe for any mischief.

I was then riding between two posts about eighty miles apart. I took two days to go and two to return, and, then, after a rest of two days, I made the trip again. This had been the programme for two months, and the Indians knew it and could count on my wherabouts at a certain date. For twenty-five miles of the journey I had a stage road and was sure of company. For twenty miles further the country was fairly safe, there being many hunters and trappers and scouts out. The dangerous part of the country was confined to about twenty-five miles. The route lay along the base of a mountain—up a valley—over a sharp rise, and across several gulches. I selected the spot where the Indians would attack me if they held to their threat. Just as the trail left the base of the mountain to take to the valley there was a canon making into the great mound, and the trail ran within thirty feet of its mouth before turning to the left. If the weather was good I always passed this point in going West at about 9 o'clock in the morning. In going the other way I arrived about sundown, and made my camp in the bushes growing around a spring.

I figured that the Indians would shoot me down as I rode up to the spring, or very soon after I had dismounted. They would then drag my body up the canon and conceal it, and lead my horse as far up as possible and then kill him. I would be missed and searched for, but it might be a week before any trace was discovered. By that time the wolves and vultures would have left nothing to identify, and the assassins would have been conspicuously present at the agency. It is still the unwritten law of the frontier that when a man threatens your life, even if he is drunk at the time, you are expected to protect yourself by shooting him first. I had witnesses that these Indians had threatened to wipe me out. I was expected to shoot any one of them on sight. I'd have been called a fool or a coward to take any other course.

It was the cunning of the red man against the wisdom of the white. If I was wrong in my conclusions then my life would pay the penalty. I knew they would not act upon their threat at once, as they would expect me to be on my guard and perhaps have an escort, and I waited until my second trip before carrying out my plans. The Indians would reach the canon in the afternoon. A lookout could see me five miles away. Half a mile from the spot, however, there was a wooded ridge to hide my immediate approach, and this ridge ran around to the canon.

I moderated the pace of my horse to suit my plans, and approached the valley half an hour ahead of my usual time. When three miles away I dismounted, tied a string tightly about my horse's right knee, and then advanced leading him. The cord caused him to limp as if he had gone lame, through accident. I felt that I was under the eyes of one of the Indians, and that before I reached the timbered ridge he would rejoin his two companions in the canon. I slouched along as carelessly as possible until I reached the ridge. Then I sent my horse forward alone, knowing that he would halt at the spring and wait for me. As soon as he was gone I struck into the timber and circled around to get as close to the mouth of the canon as possible. The last 200 feet of the distance I crawled upon my hands and knees.

My horse had stopped by the way to catch up a mouthful of grass here and there, and I got my first look into the mouth of the canon just as he approached the spring. For a moment I was ready to acknowledge that I was beaten at my line of reasoning, as I could see nothing of the redskins, but while the horse was drinking, the would-be assassins, who were crouched in the semi-darkness, moved forward into view. Yes, the three of them were there, and each had his rifle, and they had come to kill me. Their actions proved it. They waited three or four minutes to see why I did not come up, and were then about to move forward when I opened fire. I dropped Half Moon in his tracks, tumbled Cloudy Day over as he sprang for shelter, and fired upon, but missed, Red Earth as he dodged behind a great boulder. Had he jumped backward into the canon he would have had all the advantage, but in his sudden surprise he made three or four leaps, and took shelter between me and the spring.

I should not have fired upon him had he run off, and if he had asked for a truce I should have granted it. But he was determined to have my life. He had a good Winchester, and he got such secure cover that I was obliged to lie low and let him do all the shooting. He yelled out to me that he had me dead to rights and he would soon lift my scalp, and he called out, as if to other Indians, to get in behind me. He did this to rattle me and make me expose myself to his aim, but I saw though his game. I do not know how I would have come out had we been left undisturbed, but my horse presently came to my aid. The firing had excited him, and he had been trained to look upon an Indian as an enemy. He saw the red skin down behind the rock and charged him savagely. The fellow sprang up and exposed himself, and I was waiting for the opportunity.

The three Indians had come to the ambush on horseback. I took their ponies, rifles, and other truck to the post with me and turned them over to the commandant. He sent word to the head men of the tribe at the agency of what had happened, and a chief named Lame Deer, accompanied by three bucks, came after the things. It was explained to him that the men had threatened my life and were in ambush to shoot me down, and Lame Deer took a pull at his whisky bottle, looked me over with a grunt of approval, and said:

"Man-Who-Rides-Fast do just right. Injun must let him alone. Who got smoke topack for Lame Deer?"—*New York Sun.*

Planting Seed by Artillery.

Alexander Nasmyth, the landscape painter, was a man fruitful in expedients. His son relates the following example of his ingenuity: The Duke of Athol consulted him as to some improvements which he desired to make in his woodland scenery near Dunkeld. Among other things, a certain rocky crag needed to be planted with trees, to relieve the grim barrenness of its appearance. The question was how to do it, as it was impossible for any man to climb the crag in order to set seed or plants in the clefts of the rock. A happy idea struck my father. Having observed in front of the castle a pair of small cannon, used for firing salutes on great days, it occurred to him to turn them to account. A tinsmith in the village was ordered to make a number of canisters with covers. The canisters were filled with all sorts of suitable tree seeds. The cannon was loaded and the canisters were fired up against the high face of the rock. They burst and scattered the seed in all directions. Some years after, when my father revisited the place, he was delighted to find that his scheme of planting by artillery had proved completely successful; the trees were flourishing luxuriantly in all the recesses of the cliff.—*Argonaut.*

Michigan salt wells have yielded a grand total of 45,189,123 barrels of salt since 1869.

SELECT SIFTINGS.

Ten gum-chewing girls have been on exhibition in New York.

Easter Sunday will be twenty days after this year than it was last year.

In the Legislature of Pennsylvania there are six Browns, one White and a Green.

S. D. Thompson, of Vienna, Ga., has a curiosity in the shape of a puppy with five feet.

Dr. Carver, the great shot, has just broken with a rifle 60,000 glass balls in six days at Minneapolis.

Kansas boasts of having the largest two military reservations in the United States—Forts Leavenworth and Riley.

The cultivation of the pomegranate is increasing in California. The Mexicans consider it a valuable medicinal plant.

A Washington paper says that not a dollar of conscience money has been received at the United States Treasury for two years.

The birch rod used by the first teacher in a Vermont school-house over 100 years ago is said to be nailed over the present teacher's desk.

One of the greatest innovations in the English House of Parliament is the introduction of a bootblack in the Commons cloak-room. He is the first of his kind.

There is a big floating hotel at Jupiter, Fla., and its accommodations are to be considerably enlarged in expectation of an increase of Northern guests this winter.

A dog is employed to guard the mail bags at the postoffice in Allentown, Penn. He lies on the bags until they are taken care of, and allows no one to meddle with them.

Malcolm McMillan, of Catalone, Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, a native of Lockmaddy North-Uist, Scotland, is now 101 years of age, and all his senses are as good as when he was in his teens.

A new dye tried in a Maine dyehouse so softened the skin of the workmenis hands that the blood burst through. Every employe was affected and the establishment, in consequence, had to close down.

A farmer near Athens, Ga., began farming, having one horse, and that a mare. When she was twenty-eight years old she still worked, but was then assisted by her five colts that had grown to horsehood.

Valentine A. Abernathy, ninety-two years old, walked fifteen miles to the polls to vote in the county election at Alpharetta, Ga., and returned on foot. He has twenty-eight children and 100 grandchildren.

The name "Man Bote," in the laws of the Anglo-Saxons, denoted the compensation to be paid for killing a man. In King Ina's laws certain rates are fixed for the expiation of this crime, according to the quality of the person slain.

A second specimen of the bald-headed chimpanzee has just been added to the collection in the London Zoological Gardens. A fine adult female of the same species, known as "Sally," has long been one of the great attractions of the place.

The comet of 1858 was larger than any comet that has appeared since, though the comet of 1861 spread from the northern to the southern horizon. The comet of 1858 was 42,000,000 miles in length; that of 1860, 22,000,000. The comet of 1861 was 24,000,000 miles in length.

Nancy Edgerly, of Wolfeborough, N. H., claims to be one hundred and five years old, and says she should never have attained that age if, on the only occasion when she ever called a physician, she had not thrown all his medicines out of the window instead of taking them.

A Russian Princess, one of the greatest gamblers at Monte Carlo, appeared at the tables recently with a large rope, with which a murder had been committed, around her neck and a bull's horn under each arm. Notwithstanding these elaborate fetiches, her luck was exceedingly bad.

How to Act at a Fire.

In a lecture before the Society of Arts, London, Mr. A. W. C. Ghean gave the following concise and simple directions how to act on the occurrence of fires: Fire requires air: therefore, on its appearance every effort should be made to exclude air; shut all doors and windows. By this means fire may be confined to a single room for a sufficient period to enable all the inmates to be aroused and escape; but if the doors and windows are thrown open, the fanning of the wind and the draft will instantly cause the flames to increase with extraordinary rapidity. It must never be forgotten that the most precious moments are at the commencement of a fire, and not a single second should be lost in tackling it. In a room a table cloth can be so used as to smother a large sheet of flame, and a cushion may serve to beat it out: a coat or anything similar may be used with an equal successful result.

The great point is presence of mind, calmness in danger, action guided by reason and thought. In all large houses buckets of water should be placed on every landing, a little salt being put into the water. Always endeavor to attack the bed of a fire: if you cannot extinguish a fire shut the door when you make good your retreat. A wet silk handkerchief tied over the eyes and nose will make breathing possible in the midst of much smoke, and a blanket wetted and wrapped around the body will enable a person to pass through a sheet of flame in comparative safety. Should a lady's dress catch fire, let the wearer at once lie down. Rolling may extinguish the fire, but if not, anything (woolen preferred) wrapped tightly around will effect the desired purpose.

Two Corydon (Ind.) farmers gathered 109 and 111 bushels of corn respectively from two acres.

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HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

To Tell the Age of Eggs.

We recommend the following process for finding out the age of eggs, and distinguishing those that are fresh from those that are not. This method is based upon the decrease in the density of eggs as the grow old:

Dissolve two ounces of kitchen salt in a pint of water. When a fresh laid egg is placed in this solution it will descend to the bottom of the vessel, while one that has been laid on the day previous will not quite reach the bottom. If the egg be three days old it will swim in the liquid, and if it be more than three days old it will float on the surface, and project above the latter more and more in proportion as it is older.—*The Hen.*

Home Made Bread.

I make my bread about 6 o'clock P. M. in winter, not so early in summer. I take three pints of flour in a pan (which I keep for the purpose), one large tablespoon of salt and one small one of lard, and then add about three pints of quite warm water, perhaps a little more. I then make a smooth batter and add one compressed yeast cake (dissolved in a little warm water), then knead, but not any more than is necessary. I leave mine rem. soft, because it is not as light when kneaded too stiff.

After kneading, set in a warm place over night. In the morning put in tins and let stand about half an hour to rise. Then bake in a moderate oven an hour. If the oven is too hot the bread will burn before it bakes through. Do not knead the dough when you put in the tins. Just cut it out of the pan and make into loaves of the size you wish. Wrap the bread up well when taken from the oven, to keep it from drying.—*New York Press.*

Window Gardening.

Hardy bulbs can be relied on for flowering. Hyacinths are among the most desirable for window culture. They require free, dry and somewhat rich soil, and may be set singly in very small pots, or in groups of three or more in pots of proportionate size. In planting make a cavity in the earth half the depth of the bulb, bury lightly, then press firmly down till it is nearly covered. The Dutch varieties have large flowers, red, white, blue or yellow; the single are larger and richer than the double. The easiest grown are the white Roman. Its flowers are single and somewhat smaller than the Dutch; this is a profuse bloomer and sweetly fragrant. Tulips in all single varieties are good for house culture, and lavishly repay the little care they demand. The great variety of colors, intense brilliancy and lovely shading make them a delight to all eyes. White narcissus, bearing small cup-shaped clusters of flowers, deliciously fragrant, is valuable for winter blooming, as also are the double Roman and colored sorts. Anemone fulgens is the best anemone, bearing a multitude of rich vermillion blossoms. The foliage of all this class is very ornamental.—*Sturdy Oak.*

How to Roast Meats.

Good beef should have a bright red color, not too dark, dry and tender to the touch, fat and with a smooth open grain.

In roasting meats one of the principal points is to have it as juicy as possible.

Wash the meat in cold water, wipe dry, singe with a hot iron, then place in a dripping pan; cover the top with a layer of suet one-half inch thick; add drippings to the pan until one inch deep, the pan should be at least four inches deep; place in a hot oven and slightly increase the heat until done; allow thirty minutes for first pound and fifteen minutes for each additional pound. When done remove to a hot plate. Add one cup of hot water to the pan, after draining off the drippings, let boil two or three minutes; then thicken with one tablespoonful of butter mixed with one of flour; add white pepper and salt to taste. Mushrooms, oysters, chopped pickles or any flavor can be added to this gravy. Another way is to wash, place in dripping pan, add one cup of hot water and place at once in a hot oven, turn often until nicely browned on all sides; remove to a hot platter, pour the drippings off, add one cup of sweet milk, let boil one minute, thicken with one tablespoonful of flour and one of butter, let boil one or two minutes, then add salt, white pepper and cinnamon. It is then ready to serve. A French way of roasting beef is to take a sirloin roast, mix salt, pepper, cinnamon and cloves together, then with a narrow-bladed knife make incisions about one inch deep on all sides of the meat; put a little of the spice in each with a small slice of garlic. Roast according to the directions given above.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Recipes.

MUTTON PIE.—Cold mutton, the more the better, thin slices of raw potatoes enough to fill up the baking dish, onions, salt and pepper to suit the taste; cover with pastry and bake.

APPLE TAPIOCA PUDDING.—Soak over night one cup of tapioca in six cups of water. Next morning add one cup of sugar, one egg, and beat well together. Then pare, core and chop fine six or more apples, and stir with the tapioca in a pudding dish, and bake slowly.

ANISE SEED CAKE.—To one and a half cups of sugar and one cup of butter beaten to a cream, add four well-beaten eggs, three cups of flour mixed with two teaspoons of yeast powder, and half a cup of well pickled anise seeds. Add a little milk and essence. Bake in small tins.

CREAMED POTATOES.—Cut cold boiled potatoes into cubes or thin slices. Put them in a shallow pan, cover with milk, and cook until the potatoes have absorbed nearly all the milk. To one pint of potatoes add a tablespoon of butter, half a saltspoon of pepper and a little chopped parsley.

Northern Settlements South.

Seventy-five per cent. of the readers of this article, either for health, pleasure or permanent homes, expect to go South in the near future, and are anxious for reliable information concerning that favored country. The ILLINOIS CENTRAL Railroad, the Home-seekers' friend, reaching from Sioux City, Sioux Falls and Chicago, to New Orleans, passes through Western Kentucky and Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana, making a direct line to all NORTHERN as well as Southern markets. For this reason hundreds of Northern families are settling at Jackson, Tennessee; Holly Springs, Jackson, Terry, Brookhaven and McComb City, Mississippi; and Kentwood, Arcola, Amite City, and Hammond, Louisiana. If you would know more of these places, address the undersigned at Manchester, Iowa, for a copy of the pamphlet recently issued, entitled "Prosperous Northern Settlements in Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana," and if you think of visiting and investing in the South before prices are greatly advanced, you cannot make the trip too soon. J. F. MERRY, Gen. West. Pass. Agt.

A Radical Cure for Epileptic Fits.

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease which I warrant to cure the worst cases. So strong is my faith in its virtues that I will send free a sample bottle and valuable treatise to any sufferer who will give me his P. O. and Express address. Resp'y, H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

NO OPIUM in Piso's Cure for Consumption. Cures where other remedies fail. 25c.

A Fair Trial

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla will convince any reasonable person that it does possess great medicinal merit. We do not claim that every bottle will accomplish a miracle, but we do know that nearly every bottle, taken according to directions, does produce positive benefit. Its peculiar curative power is shown by many remarkable cures.

"I was run down from close application to work, but was told I had malaria and was dosed with quinine, etc., which was useless. I decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and am now feeling strong and cheerful."—W. B. BRAMSH, 261 Spring Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

WHY YOU SHOULD USE

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by Physicians because it is the best.

It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

S.S.S.

Swift's Specific cured me of malignant Blood Poison after I had been treated in vain with old so-called remedies of Mercury and Potash. S. S. S. not only cured the Blood Poison, but relieved the Rheumatism which was caused by the poisonous minerals. GEO. BOVELL, 242 3d Avenue, N. Y.

Nine years ago Scrofula attacked two of my children, and they were badly afflicted with the disease, which resisted the treatment of my family physician. I was persuaded to use Swift's Specific by seeing an account of cures in my county paper. The improvement was apparent from the first few doses, and in a short time my children were cured, and are still sound and well. JOHN WILLIAMS, Lexington, Va.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC is entirely a vegetable remedy, and is the only medicine which permanently cures Scrofula, Blood Humors, Cancer and Contagious Blood Poison. Send for Books on Blood and Skin Diseases, mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Ely's Cream Balm Is Worth $1,000 to any Man, Woman or Child suffering from CATARRH.

Apply Balm into each nostril. Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

MONEY FOR WOMEN

We offer an easy way to make hundreds of dollars between now and July 1st, 1889. We pay Good Wages, $500 as a free present besides offering $400 to the person who shall do the best work for us; $300 to the second, and so on down. These prizes are EXTRA compensation to the best workers. A good chance to pay off that mortgage, secure a home, or start housekeeping.

CURTIS PUBLISHING CO. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

$5 TO $10 A DAY! AGENTS WANTED! CIRCULARS FREE. 1000 Brewster's Safety Rein Holders GIVEN AWAY to introduce them. Every horse owner buys from 1 to 6. Lines never under horse's feet. Send 25 cts. in stamps to pay postage and packing for Nickel Plated Sample that sells for 65 cents. Address Brewster Mfg. Co., Holly, Mich.

MEN WANTED. We want a few more good men 25 years of age and over, to canvass for a full line of nursery stock. Our stock is guaranteed first-class and TRUE TO NAME AS ORDERED. We give STEADY EMPLOYMENT and hire on SALARY or COMMISSION as preferred. Address (stating age and enclosing stamp) THE C. L. VAN DUSEN NURSERY CO., Geneva, N. Y.

SOAP Having in my possession the recipe for making a Celebrated White Soap, now famous for its purity, easy washing and toilet qualities, that can be made in every kitchen at a cost of less than 2 cents per pound, I will mail same to any address upon receipt of 12 cents (stamps). W. A. LEACH, 186 Race Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH **PENNYROYAL PILLS** RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND.

Original, best, only genuine and reliable pill for sale. Never Fail. Ask for *Chichester's English* Diamond Brand, in red metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. At Druggists. Accept no other. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are a dangerous counterfeit. Send 4c. (stamps) for particulars and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. 10,000 testimonials from LADIES who have used them. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq., Phila., Pa.

Back-Aches RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA OR KINDRED ILLS Cured by **St. Jacobs Oil** Promptly, Perfectly, and Permanently. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO. BALTO. MD.

DIAMOND VERA-CURA FOR DYSPEPSIA.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR INDIGESTION AND ALL Stomach Troubles Arising Therefrom.

Your Druggist or General Dealer will get Vera-Cura for you if not already in stock, or it will be sent by mail on receipt of 25 cts. (5 boxes $1.00) in stamps. Sample sent on receipt of 2-cent stamp.

The Charles A. Vogeler Co., Baltimore, Md.

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CHEAPEST -:- FAMILY -:- ATLAS KNOWN.

ONLY 25 CENTS

191 Pages, 91 Full-Page Maps.

Colored Maps of each State and Territory in the United States. Also Maps of every Country in the World. The letter press gives the square miles of each State; time of settlement; population; chief cities; average temperature; salary of officials and the principal postmasters in the State; number of farms, with their productions and the value thereof; different manufactures and number of employes, etc., etc. Also the area of each Foreign Country; form of government; population; principal products and their money value; amount of trade; religion; size of army; miles of railroad and telegraph; number of horses, cattle, sheep, and a vast amount of information valuable to all.

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE ONE.

All newspaper readers are constantly needing an Atlas for reference in order to intelligently understand the article they are perusing. It is surprising how much information is thus stored away in the memory, and how soon one becomes familiar with the chief points concerning all the Nations of the World. Postpaid for 25 cents. BOOK PUB. HOUSE, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City.

IF YOU WISH A GOOD REVOLVER purchase one of the celebrated SMITH & WESSON arms. The finest small arms ever manufactured and the first choice of all experts. Manufactured in calibres 32, 38 and 44-100. Single or double action. Safety Hammerless and Target models. Constructed entirely of best quality wrought steel, carefully inspected for workmanship and stock, they are unrivaled for finish, durability and accuracy. Do not be deceived by cheap malleable cast-iron imitations which are often sold for the genuine article and are not only unreliable, but dangerous. The SMITH & WESSON Revolvers are all stamped upon the barrels with firm's name, address and dates of patents and are guaranteed perfect in every detail. Insist upon having the genuine article, and if your dealer cannot supply you an order sent to address below will receive prompt and careful attention. Descriptive catalogue and prices furnished upon application. SMITH & WESSON, Springfield, Mass. Mention this paper.

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Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, post paid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

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ASTHMA CURED German Asthma Cure never fails to give immediate relief in the worst cases, insures comfortable sleep; effects cures where all others fail. A trial convinces the most skeptical. Price 50c. and $1.00, of Druggists or by mail. Sample FREE for stamp. Dr. R. SCHIFFMAN, St. Paul, Minn.

JONES OF BINGHAMTON PAYS the FREIGHT 5 Ton Wagon Scales, Iron Levers, Steel Bearings, Brass Tare Beam and Beam Box for **$60.** Every size Scale. For free price list mention this paper and address JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

NORTHERN PACIFIC. LOW PRICE RAILROAD LANDS & FREE Government LANDS MILLIONS of ACRES of each in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon. SEND FOR Publications with Maps describing the best Agricultural, Grazing and Timber Lands now open to Settlers. Sent free. Address CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

HEGE'S IMPROVED CIRCULAR **SAW MILLS,** $160 Write for circulars. **FARMERS' SAW MILL.** With Universal Log Beam and Simultaneous Set Work, Engines, Wood Planers. Manufactured by the SALEM IRON WORKS, SALEM, N. C.

CONSUMPTION I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. So strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send two bottles free, together with a valuable treatise on this disease to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Blair's Pills, Great English Gout and Rheumatic Remedy. Oval Box, 34; round, 14 Pills.

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IS YOUR FARM FOR SALE or do you wish to buy a farm? If so address CURTIS & WRIGHT, 233 Broadway, N. Y.

GOLD Live at home and make more money working for us than at anything else in the world. Either sex. Costly outfit FREE. Terms FREE. Address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

PRACTICAL HINTS To Builders A LITTLE BOOK of 80 pages, containing solid facts that every man contemplating Building should know before letting his contracts; 10 designs of plain and elegant homes, with plans and estimated cost. Short chapters on the kitchen, chimneys, cistern, foundation, brickwork, mortar, cellar, heating, ventilation, the roof and many items of interest to builders. Mailed free on receipt of 10 cents in postal stamps. Address NATIONAL SHEET METAL ROOFING CO., 510 East Twentieth St., New York City.

DON'T run your Boots and Shoes over at the Heel. Buy a pair of Norton's Counter and Heel Stiffeners from your dealer. We guarantee them to keep the Heel straight. Made of sheet steel, nicely japanned; all sizes for Ladies', Children's and Men's wear. Any boy can put them on. **Bindley Hardware Co.,** 46 & 48 Seventh Ave., PITTSBURGH, PA.

SALESMEN Wanted at a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Largest manufacturers in our line. Enclose 3-cent stamp. Wages $3 Per Day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. Centennial Manufacturing Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Make Chickens PAY.

If you know how to properly care for them. For 25 cents in stamps you can procure a 100-PAGE BOOK giving the experience of a practical Poultry Raiser—not an amateur, but a man working for dollars and cents—during a period of 25 years. It teaches you how to Detect and Cure Diseases; to Feed for Eggs and also for Fattening; which Fowls to Save for Breeding Purposes; and every thing, indeed, you should know on this subject to make it profitable. Sent postpaid for 25c. BOOK PUB. HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City

P.N.U.6

VASELINE PREPARATIONS.

On receipt of postage stamps we will send free by mail the following splendid articles:
One Box of Pure Vaseline, - - 10 cents.
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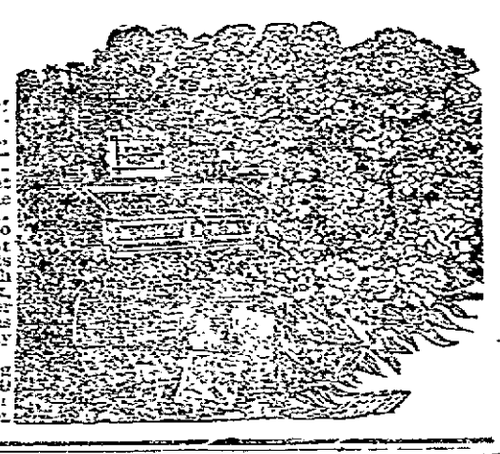
One Box of Vaseline Cold Cream, 15 cents.
No Vaseline is genuine unless our name is on the label. CHESEBROUGH MANUF'G CO., 24 State St., New York.

THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE. PRICE 25 CTS. **PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.** FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THIS MEANS YOU

This Beautiful $125.00 Organ Positively Given Away.



To the first person sending us $1 for 25 packets of Seeds, 10 packets most beautiful Flower Seeds, 15 packets of the choicest Vegetable Seeds, Beans, Peas, Radish, Parsnip, Tomato, Cabbage, Onion, Turnip, Beet, Musk Melon, Cucumber, Celery, Pepper and Lettuce, one packet each. Remember, we make you a present of the Organ as you get the worth of your money in Seed. We do this to get every one reading this "Ad." to buy their Seeds of us. The one sending the 1st nearest guess as to the number of grains of beans in a half pound of Coffee gets the Organ, which will be sent by freight, securely packed. May 1st, 1889. Write to-day. Send postal note, money order or registered letter. We will not compete with auctions selling old trashy seeds at cut rates. We sell only the best at reasonable prices. Address plainly, IRVING H. SWINK, Seedsman, Bloomingdale, BUCKS CO., PENNA. Your choice any 10 packets and one guess, 50 cts. Send guess in separate piece of paper, size of postal card. Mention this paper.

CASH $10,000 CASH 300 STEM-WINDING WATCHES — 100 DIAMOND RINGS.

GIVEN FREE TO SUBSCRIBERS. GIVEN FREE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Read and Learn!

Guess and Win!

So successful was our last contest, when we gave away $5,000 to subscribers, December 25th, that we have decided to make a still more liberal offer of $10,000 IN CASH, 300 STEM-WINDING WATCHES and 100 DIAMOND RINGS, TO BE GIVEN AWAY APRIL 25th, 1889. A pint of ordinary rice, such as can be bought anywhere, has been placed in a pint (wine) measure even full, then poured into an ordinary pint glass preserving jar and sealed. The jar has been deposited with the North River Safe Deposit Company, and cannot be opened or counted till the expiration of this contest, April 25th, 1889.

THE FOLLOWING 3,139 PRESENTS WILL BE GIVEN TO THE 3,139 SUBSCRIBERS MAKING THE BEST GUESSES AS TO THE NUMBER OF KERNELS OF RICE THE JAR CONTAINS.

1 Present to the Subscriber Guessing the Correct Number of Kernels,		$2,000
1 present to the Subscriber guessing nearest the correct number,		1,000
1 present to the Subscriber making the next best guess,		500
1 present to the Subscriber making the next best guess,		250
5 presents to the	5 Subscribers making next best guess, $100 each	500
10 presents to the	10 Subscribers making next best guess, 50 each,	500
20 presents to the	20 Subscribers making next best guess, 25 each,	500
50 presents to the	50 Subscribers making next best guess 10 each,	500
100 presents to the	100 Subscribers making next best guess, 5 each,	500
200 presents to the	200 Subscribers making next best guess, 2.50 each,	500
500 presents to the	500 Subscribers making next best guess, 2 each,	1,000
2,250 presents to the	2,250 Subscribers making next best guess, 1 each,	2,250
3,139 Presents,	Amounting to	$10,000

NO CHARGE.—We make no charge for the guess, but in order to introduce our old and well known publication, THE AMERICAN HOMESTEAD, into new homes, we require each one answering this to become a subscriber for at least six months, and send us 30 cents in postage stamps or cash, which entitles you to one guess, or 50 cents for a yearly subscription, which entitles you to two guesses or $1 for a two years' subscription, which entitles you to four guesses.

The Jar will be sealed and grains of Rice counted April 25th, 1889, by a Committee chosen by the subscribers.

Should no one guess the correct number, then the one guessing nearest will receive the first present of $2,000. Should two or more persons guess the correct number, then the one whose guess is first received will receive the $2,000, and the next the $1,000, and so on.

YOUR SUBSCRIPTION FREE!—For a Club of Five Yearly Subscribers, accompanied by $2.50 Cash, we will send one extra Subscription. For a Club of Ten and $5.00, we will send two extra Subscriptions. For a Club of twenty and $10.00, we will send five extra Subscriptions. For a Club of forty and $20.00, we will send ten extra Subscriptions. Each Subscriber is entitled to two guesses, and the getter up of the Club is entitled to two guesses for each extra Subscription. Put Club-takers' Guesses on separate slip of paper.

THE AMERICAN HOMESTEAD is the title of one of the largest, handsomest, and best publications issued from Jersey City. It contains eight large pages, 48 long columns, completely filled with newest and the best reading for every member of every American home. The subscription price has been reduced to only 50 cents a year, which affords more choice reading matter for the money than almost any other publication in the United States.

DIAMOND RINGS AND WATCHES FOR CLUBS. In order to obtain a large list of subscribers before April 25th, we will give away 100 GENUINE DIAMOND RINGS to the FIRST ONE HUNDRED PERSONS SENDING US A LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS WITH NOT LESS THAN $10 IN CASH, and to the next 300 PERSONS WHO SEND US A LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS, AND NOT LESS THAN $5, WE WILL GIVE AN ELEGANT GOLD PLATED STEM WINDING WATCH.

We have been so long before the public that it ought to be a sufficient guarantee that we will do as we agree. If we are unknown to you, any bank, commercial agency or publisher in N. J. will tell you who we are. Money may be sent by Postal Note, Registered Letter, or P. O. Order. Address:

THE AMERICAN HOMESTEAD, 74 & 76 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, N. J.

CUT THIS OUT AND SECURE A CLUB. IT WILL NOT APPEAR AGAIN.

LEND YOUR EAR

TO WHAT WE HAVE TO SAY.

We have perfected arrangements supply the

BEST LOW-PRICED GERMAN DICTIONARY

Published, at the remarkably low price of

Only $1.00, Postpaid.

This Book contains 624 Finely Printed Pages of Clear Type on Excellent Paper, and is Handsomely yet Serviceably Bound in Cloth. It gives English words with the German equivalents and pronunciation, and German words with English definitions. If you know a German word and desire to know its meaning in English, you look in one part of the Book; while if the English word is known and you want to translate it into German, you look into another part of the Book.

It is invaluable to Germans who are not thoroughly familiar with English, or to Americans who wish to learn German. Consider how easily you can master German with the aid of this Dictionary if a half hour per day is devoted to study, how much benefit can be derived from the knowledge, and hasten to send for this first-class book. You will never regret it.

BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, New York.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The New Oxford Item.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 1, 1889.

CATARRH,

Catarrhal Deafness and Hay Fever.

A NEW HOME TREATMENT.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks. N. B.—For catarrhal discharges peculiar to females (whites) this remedy is a specific. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of ten cents by A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 West King St., Toronto, Canada.—*Scientific American.*

Sufferers from catarrhal troubles should read the above carefully.

The annual statement of the John Wanamaker Insurance Association shows that during the past year $13,114.87 was distributed to 594 persons. Sick benefits amounted to $9037.23, and seventeen death benefits to $3400. In the six years of its existence the association has distributed $69,835.38 to employes of the house or their heirs.

THEIR BUSINESS BOOMING.—Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at Dicks' Drug Store as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

At the coming session of the English Parliament the Government will propose a defense loan of £100,000,000, to be devoted to constructing 20 men-of-war and 50 cruisers and to increase the number of torpedo boats.

RESTORATIVE WINE.—If you are weak and suffering from general debility, you should use Speer's Port Wine; it will purify your blood, restore digestion and make you feel like a younger person, in fact it makes you new blood. Speer's vineyards are planted on brown stone shale rock soil containing iron. There is over two miles of carrage drives under grape arbors in his vineyards. For sale by druggists.

The savages of the South Sea Islands, who recently murdered a number of Europeans, have been severely punished by the British man-of-war Opal and the French cruiser Tabert, the two vessels landing on several of the islands and burning a number of their villages.

AVOID APPEARANCES.—A worthy gentleman, having an unusually red nose, was long suspected of being a tippler on the sly, by those not well acquanted with his strictly temperate habits. His enfortunate disfigurement was readily cured by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The young German Emperor has received an increase of $900,000 in his annual salary, making his total pay something like $4,000,000 a year.

BUCKLEN S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. W. Dicks.

A boy at Greenburg committed suicide because he was determined not to go to school.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

A reliable woman wanted to introduce direct to the ladies in this county. Dr Nichols celebrated Spiral Spring clasp corsets (50 different styles), no more broken steels; warranted unbreakable or money refunded. The greatest invention of the age. Just out. Sells on sight. No experience required $3.00, outfit free. Send 10 cents postage for sample and terms. G. D. NICHOLS & Co., 384 & 386 Broadway, New York.

P. W. Weikels millinery store at Lancaster was burned Monday morning. Loss $5,000.

INTERESTING TO HORSE OWNERS.

A marvelous Discovery. Dr. Checini's Electric Spvin Cure positively removes Bone Spavin, Ringbone, Splint, or Curb in 72 hours without pain or injury. Price $2 large bottles. $3 00. Illustrated circulars and Testimonials sent receipt of 2 cent stamp, NICHOLS & co., 386 Broadway, New York.

Wm. Robinson, a peddler, was found dead Sunday, at the Vesta Furnace at Marietta. He was suffocated by gas while lying near the furnace flues.

EVERY HOME SHOULD HAVE IT.

It is not always convenient to call a Physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a Physician always at hand, it kills Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Burns, Bruises and all Aches and Pains. Price 25 cents.

There are few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them. Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 cents. At J. W. Barnitz's Drug Store.

A famine is prevailing in a portion of the interior of Russia. Many persons have died from starvation in the government of Orenhorg.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

While saving the life of Mrs. Dennison, of Chicago, who was completely enveloped in flames from a lamp explosion, her rescuers robbed her of nearly $1,000, which she carried in her pocket.

MARVELOUS

MEMORY DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefitted. Great inducements to Correspondence Classes.

Prospectus, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the *Christian Advocate*, N. Y., Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent post free by Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

NEW OXFORD

COACH FACTORY

Jos. H. Lawrence.

NEW OXFORD, - - Pa.

MANUFACTURER OF

Carriages, Buggies, &c.

Every vehicle I manufacture is made throughout—woodwork, ironwork, painting and trimming—in my own shops, by competent mechanics, every one of whom has served a regular apprenticeship at his trade; I am thus enabled to guarantee full satisfaction in every particular.

REPAIRING

of all kinds done promptly, at reasonable prices.

12ma85tf Jos. H. LAWRENCE.

—GRAIN AND—

PRODUCE!

The undersigned, having leased the Brick Warehouse on Hanover street, New Oxford, Pa., will buy and sell all kinds of Grain and Country Produce, such as

Wheat, Hay, Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Bran, Middlings, Chop, &c., &c.;

also the best brands of

Roller & Country Flour,

AND COARSE AND FINE SALT.

Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give me a trial. A liberal share of public patronage solicited. FREE DELIVERY anywhere in the borough. Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday noon for Baltimore. Returning, leaves Hillen Station every Friday at 4 o'clock, p. m. All orders left with me will receive prompt attention.

ma87.] Z. H. CASHMAN.

GRAIN, PRODUCE, &c.,

AT NEW OXFORD.

The undersigned continues the Grain and Produce business at the old stand on Pitt street, New Oxford, Pa., and will always pay the highest market prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED, FLAX SEED, HAY, &c.; and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, FLOUR AND FEED, SOAP, TAR, OILS, and everything usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. Mill feed for sale; also Prime Timothy seed. Thankful to the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same.

H. J. Myers.

MARBLE YARD.

E. G. LOUGH,

Opposite the German Reformed Church,

NEW OXFORD, - - PENN'A

All kinds of Grave Work furnished as cheap as the cheapest, in the latest styles, and of the best material. Monuments made a specialty. Persons wishing anything in his line are invited to call and examine his samples before purchasing elsewhere. 23apr89-ly

Gent's Solid Gold Watch FREE. Solid as Gold can make them, in a good watch in the world. Patent timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases, both ladies and gents sizes, which works and looks of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free. Enclose with your large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 3 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

The Black Pill dispels melancholy

GO TO EMLET'S

DRUG STORE

No. 6 Carlisle St., Hanover, for

Shoulder Braces, Supporters, Trusses, Hair, Tooth, Nail and Shoe Brushes, Perfumery in Bulk, Choicest variety of Toilet Soaps, &c., also all the Popular Patent Medicines of the day, etc., etc. Prescriptions a Specialty.

FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY GROCERY

Cor. Centre Sq. and Hanover St., New Oxford, Pa.

—:(o):—

P. J. NOEL

having disposed of his liquors, will now give his whole attention to the Grocery business, promising the public a first-class stock of goods in his line at the lowest living prices. He will always have a full assortment of

GROCERIES, Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Spices, Teas, Salt, Cheese, Brushes, Soaps, Matches, Tobacco, Cigars, Crackers, Confections, and everything else to be found in a Family Grocery.

COUNTRY PRODUCE also dealt in extensively, and sellers and buyers are invited to give his store their custom. Nothing left undone to please and no trouble to show goods and prices. Remember the old stand, S. E. Cor. Centre Square. It is the place to get the worth of your money, not more.

13june79. WALK IN!

To the General Public!

NEW DRUG STORE

J. W. Barnitz,

having purchased the Drug Store formerly occupied by E. G. Cook, respectfully solicits the public patronage. An entire new stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, Hair Brushes, Fancy Articles, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, &c.,

such as are kept in a first-class drug store. All articles will be sold at reasonable prices.

The Celebrated New Oxford

ICE CREAM

THE undersigned wishes to announce to the public that he is giving his entire personal attention to the manufacturing of ICE CREAM, having an engine to run his machinery, and with his long and extended experience in the business, is now more fully prepared to furnish

Pic-Nics, Celebrations,

as well as

Retailers and Families,

at the shortest notice with the best of Ice Cream well packed in ice. Give him a call before ordering elsewhere and learn his

SPECIAL RATES

He returns his thanks to his many patrons and kindly requesting them as well all others who may become his patrons to return cans and stands as soon as emptied. All Cream guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. BLUE FRONT, on Pitt street, near the R. R. Depot New Oxford, Adams county Pa.

D. J. A. MILLEDGE.

—GO TO—

John H. Nau

Littlestown, Pa., for your

TOMBSTONES

As my business has been greatly increased on account of my cheap and substantial work, I have been compelled to get additional hands who are skilled in fine work. I am at all times prepared to furnish the most beautiful

Monuments, Tombstones, Lintels, Door Sills at Bargains.

My work extends all through Carroll and Frederick counties, Md., Adams and York counties, Pa. I Guarantee my PRICES and WORK to suit all persons making purchases from. A large stock of work constantly on hand. Call and examine and satisfy yourself. All orders promptly attended to. Work delivered free of charge. Yards, Frederick Street, Littlestown, Pa.

We do job work of all kinds cheap and at the shortest notice.

BADLY DUPED

the person who thinks that it is the price that determines the quality of the article. Nothing can be further from the truth. The wheat that now sells for $1.05 per bushel is no better than that which sold at 86 cents but two months ago. Manipulation may put up the price—not the quality, and this rule applies to clothing as much as to wheat. For instance compare prices of

PHILADELPHIA BRANCH CLOTHING HOUSE!

MEN'S CLOTHING!

Choice of Suits in honest materials, well-trimmed, &c., $4

Choice of different styles Men's good substantial strictly fast colors $5.50.

Choice of 10 fine styles all-wool Cassimere, $7.75

Choice of styles of Men's Dress Suits in best domestic and imported goods, in Corkscrew and Broad Wales, $11.50

Choice of finest goods equal to custom work, made up in Cutaway and Sack Suit, $14.

Men's Overcoats, strong and durable, $3.

Men's Overcoats, satin-faced, in all-wool Chinchillas, $6.

Men's Fall Overcoats in light, dark or medium colors never sold before for less than $15—$11.

BOYS' CLOTHING!

Honest, well made Short Pants, Suits in different color, belted or pleated styles at lowest price.

Children's Cassimere Suits cut in belted styles that will wear like iron at a price within reach of all, $3.

Choice styles of Boy's long pants, Suits heavy weights and dark colors suitable for every day wear, $3.50.

Long Pants Suits in plaids, checks, stripes and dark mixtures, sizes from 14 to 18 years sold all over for $7 and $8,—$5.50.

Boys' fine dress suits in fine Casimere, worsted diagonal, must be seen to be appreciated. $7.50.

Boys' school Overcoats in durable goods. $2.50

Boys' Cassimere Overcoats substantially made and trimmed, $4.

Boys' silk-faced Overcoats in light, dark or medium colors, sizes from 14 to 18, $5.50.

Boys' satin faced Overcoats in fine Kersey, Meltons and Worsteds, $7.50.

HAT DEPARTMENT!

Full line of Youman's, Dunlap's and Miller's shapes at prices never before heard of and certainly the most graceful and shapely Hats ever shown in Hanover

ISAAC HERZ

P. B. C. H., Fountain Square, (Boadenhemer's Building, HANOVER, PA

A Great Week for Shoes!

A RUSH FOR BARGAINS. We cannot afford to carry a surplus stock so late in the season and in order to reduce stock, we have commenced to sell at a sacrifice the following goods and other too numerous th mention:

MEN'S FINE DRESS SHOES.

$1 25 reduced from $1 50. Excellent wearing thoroughly made shoes for the price. A wonderful bargain.

$1.50 reduced from $2. A surprising price to sell such a Good Shoe, but "move out" is the motto just now.

$2 50 reduced from $3. A genuine Calf $3 in Shoe, an excellent wearer and one that will give satisfaction.

$4 75 A hand-Made Shoe the same that usually sells for $6. Since we lowed the price at $4 75 the rush on 'em has been wonderful!

LADIES' BUTTON SHOES.

A ladies' Genuine Kid Button all solid. One of the greatest bargains we have ever offered. Reduced from $1 75 to $1.50

Ladies' Bright Dongola Button Boots. A big cut but we give the original value for the reduced price. Reduced from $2 to $1.75

Ladies' Bright Dongola Button Boots, in all widths and shapes. Cannot be equalled for $2

Our Ladies' Genuine Handmade Button Boots is a special bargain. Usually sold for $5. $4

Men's and Boy's Rubber Boots and shoes sold at greatly reduced prices. Men's leather boots sold at cost. These bargains cannot last very long

D. MYERS,

At Andrew Dellone & Bro.'s Old Stand, Broadway, Hanover, Pa.

The Biggest Bargains Yet!

5000 yards Columbian Shirting, 5 styles, reduced from 10c. to 7c. a yard.
A big lot of Cocheco Calica, reduced from 8c. to 5c. a yard.
A lot of Ginghams at 6c. a yard, equally as good as Lancaster Gingham.
All qualities of Bed Ticking much below the regular price.
Blankets at 75c. a pair, reduced from $1 25.
Blankets at $1 a pair, reduced from $1.50.
Blankets at $1 50 a pair, reduced from $2.50.
Blankets at $2.00 a pair, reduced from $3.00.
Blankets at $2.50 a pair, reduced from $4.00.
A lot of Ladies' Coats at less than half price.
A great many Special Bargains in Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats. Must be sold to make room for Spring and Summer goods. Call early for bargains.

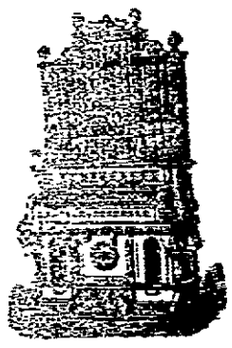
CARVER & LITTLE, Cor. Broadway and Fountain Sq., Hanover

PIANOS & ORGANS!

We have always a large stock of first class instruments, such as

WEBER, DECKER BROS., NEW ENGLAND, FISCHER, AND ESTEY PIANOS;

PALACE, LORING & BLAKE, ESTEY, SMITH'S AMERICAN, MASON & HAMLIN, WEAVER, COTAGE, QUEEN, WILCOX & WHITE, BURDETTE, & NEW ENGLAND ORGANS.



We sell on easy terms at a low figure, on installments or for cash.

We also trade on old pianos and organs.

Pianos and organs for rent by the month or year.

Every instrument fully warranted as represented.

Give me a call.

MARIA L. FORRY & CO.,
Carlisle St., Hanover, Pa.

If any dealer says he has the W. L. Douglas Shoes without name and price stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Best in the world. Examine his
$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
$2.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE.
$2.25 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE.
$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR LADIES.

Best Material. Best Style. Best Fitting.
If not sold by your dealer, write
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

FOR SALE BY

V. S. ROBINSON,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

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ABBOTTSTOWN, PA.

The fifth session of the Teachers' Normal School will open at Abbottstown, Monday, April 15th, to continue ten consecutive weeks. It affords superior advantages for young men and women in acquiring a practical education. Special attention given to teachers and those preparing to teach.

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